Appendix

"A.1 Communication" introduces the SIO type for connecting the GP and the device/PLC and the structure of the internal device, and "A.2 Monitoring the Value of Device Addresses (Device Monitor)" explains the feature for monitoring the communication device on the GP. "A.3 Executing Multiple Actions (Programs) with a Switch Operation" explains Trigger Action Parts.

"A.4 Drawing Using Other Languages" explains the process from preparing to input a foreign language to inputting the switch label, using (Simplified) Chinese as an example. "A.5 Transferring Data Between a CF Card and a USB Memory Device" explains how to transfer data between a CF Card and a USB memory device using File Manager. "A.6 System Variables" provides a detailed explanation of the system variables available in GP-Pro EX.

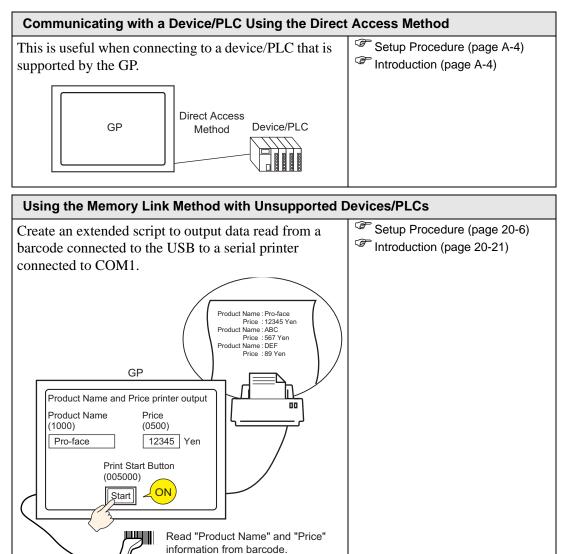
A.1	Communication	A-2
A.2	Monitoring the Value of Device Addresses (Device Monitor)	A-41
A.3	Executing Multiple Actions (Programs) with a Switch Operation	A-53
A.4	Drawing Using Other Languages	A-68
A.5	Transferring Data Between a CF Card and a USB Memory Device	A-77
A.6	System Variables	A-84

A.1 Communication

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NOTE
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• For information on the connection methods for the GP and device/PLC, refer to the GP-Pro EX Device/PLC Connection Manual.

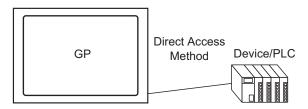
A.1.1 Settings Menu



Using the Memory Link Method with Unsupported Devices/PLCs							
Create and execute all pr communicate on the devi microprocessor board) w Method.	Setup Procedure (page A-6) Introduction (page A-6)						
GP	Microcomputer board Memory Link Method						

A.1.2 Communicating with a Device/PLC Using the Direct Access Method

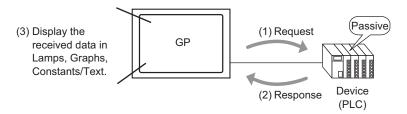
A.1.2.1 Introduction



To communicate with a device/PLC, use the Direct Access communication method to put a smaller burden on to the device/PLC.

Direct Access Method

In the Direct Access Method, the GP makes a request to the device/PLC. The device/PLC then responds to the request from the GP.



Usable Address

For the GP to get the necessary display data from the device/PLC, set an address that can reference data used for Parts and script features. There are two types of addresses which can be set as reference destinations.

Device/PLC Addresses

It can reference the device/PLC data.

Select the device/PLC name (for example "PLC1") that will communicate with the GP, and input that address (for example "D00000").

For example, An Input Address screen on a Word Switch.

🔏 Input Address 🛛 🗙							
Device/PLC PLC1							
• 0000	00						
		C	lr				
С	7	8	9				
F	4	5	6				
	1	2	3				
	0	E	nt				
		C PLC1	C FLC1 C 00000 C 7 8 F 4 5 1 2	C PLC1 C 00000 C 7 8 9 F 4 5 6 1 2 3			

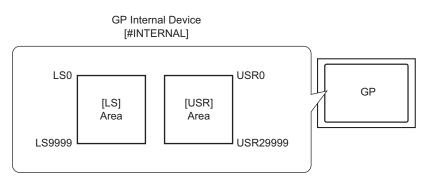
GP Internal Device Address

This can be used for data storage. For example, this can be used when temporarily storing calculated values inside the GP, or when temporarily controlling data in the GP. When referencing that data, select the [Device/PLC] that will communicate with the GP, and input that address. [#INTERNAL] refers to the GP internal device.

For example, An Input Address screen on a Word Switch.



The GP's internal device [#INTERNAL], has two structured areas: the [LS] area and the [USR] are (shown below).



• [LS] Area

This is a user area that can be used freely, and an area used for running the GP. ** "A.1.4 LS Area (Direct Access Method)" (page A-9)

• [USR] Area

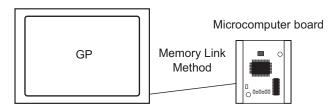
This area can be accessed by users and for running the GP.

Device Codes of GP Internal Devices (LS/USR)

Device	Device Code	Address Range	
LS	0 x 0000	0 to 9999	
USR	0 x 0001	0 to 29999	

A.1.3 Using the Memory Link Method with Unsupported Devices/PLCs

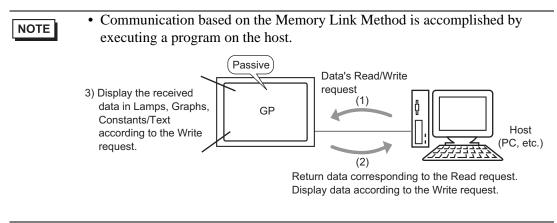
A.1.3.1 Introduction



The Memory Link Method is used to connect with devices, or hosts, that do not contain a communication protocol, such as a computer or a microprocessor board.

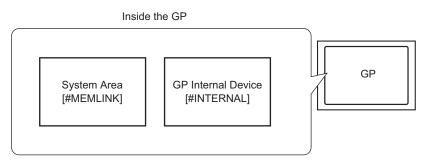
Memory Link Method

In the Memory Link Method, a data read/write request occurs from the host to the GP, as in the following image. The GP displays data that was sent in response to the host's write request. In response to a read request, the GP sends stored data to the host.



Usable Address

For the GP to get the necessary display data from the host, set an address that can reference data and set the Parts or script features. There are two types of address inside the GP that can be set as a reference destination.



Memory Link System Area Addresses

The System Area is used to request the host's read/write. It is the Memory Link Method's communication area.

For details about the System Area, please refer to "A.1.5 System Area (Memory Link Area)" (page A-25).

For example, to set a Word Switch address settings, select [#MEMLINK] from [Device/PLC] and enter the address (for example "0100").

For example, An Input Address screen on a Word Switch.

¢	🕈 Input Address 🛛 🗙						<	
	Device/PLC #MEMLINK							
				100		_		
	Ба	ск					JI	
	А	В	С		7	8	9	
	D	Е	F		4	5	6	
					1	2	3	
					0	E	nt	

GP Internal Device Address

For example, set this when referencing the destination of a calculated value stored temporarily inside the GP. Unable to use with Memory Link communication.

Select the [Device/PLC] that will communicate with the GP, and enter that address (for example "USR00100"). [#INTERNAL] refers to the GP internal device.

For example, An Input Address screen on a Word Switch.

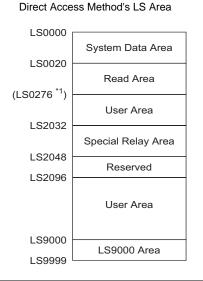
💰 Input Address 🛛 🔀							
Device/PLC #INTERNAL							
)0	_						
		,lr					
7	8	9					
4	5	6					
1	2	3					
0	E	nt					
	00 7 4 1	0 7 8 4 5 1 2	0 7 8 9 4 5 6 1 2 3				

NOTE	• In Memory Link Method, GP internal device [#INTERNAL] can use only [USR] area for communication. Using the Direct Access method and
	communicating with other connected device drivers, you can also use the [#INTERNAL] LS Area.

A.1.4 LS Area (Direct Access Method)

When communicating inside the GP using the Direct Access Method, the LS area is secured. This area is useful for temporarily storing control handling within a GP that does not have a device/PLC address (for example, a switch's Interlock Settings), or for temporarily storing values calculated within the GP.

A.1.4.1 LS Area List



MPORTANT • Do not set addresses for Parts which span the System Data Area and Read Area, or the Read Area and User Area.

- When setting addresses for Parts in the System Data Area, set the data length as 16 bit.
- *1 The System Data Area can exclusively use a maximum of 20 Words. The Read Area can exclusively use a maximum of 256 Words. The User Area's top address is the Read Area's top address (20) + Read Area's size.

Area Name	Description
System Data Area	This area stores data necessary for the system operation, such as the GP screen control data and error information.
	When referencing a screen number displayed on the GP from a device/ PLC or changing screens, you can establish an area in the device/PLC to link with this area to reference and control the GP data. ^(C) "A.1.4.4 Device/PLC System Data Area Allocation Procedure" (page A-22)
Read Area	This area stores data used commonly by all screens. The area size is variable and can be set up to 256 Words. When referencing a screen number displayed on the GP from a device/ PLC or changing screens, you can establish an area in the device/PLC to link with this area to reference and control the GP data. The area Allocation Procedure" (page A-22)

Area Name	Description
User Area	This device can only be allotted inside the GP and cannot be allotted to the device/PLC. Use it for addresses that can only be processed with the GP. You cannot control it from the device/PLC.
Special Relay Area	This area stores each type of status information that occurs when the GP communicates. ** "A.1.4.3 Special Relay" (page A-19)
Reserved	Used inside the GP. Do not use this area.
LS9000 Area	Stores the GP's internal operating information such as a Trend Graph's historical data and the communication scan time. There is also an adjustable portion.

NOTE	

• The LS Area is designated in the following way.
ÅüFor Word Address designation (For example) "LS0000"
Set from 0000 to 9999
ÅüFor Bit Address designation (For example) "L <u>S0000 00"</u> Designate from 00 to 15 (Bit Number) Designate from 0000 to 9999

A.1.4.2 System Data Area

This shows the contents of write data in each address of the System Data Area.

One Address Communicating with a 16 bit Device/PLC

- The following table's "Word Address" column shows the Word addresses added from the System Data Area's top address in the device/PLC. (When all items are selected from the GP's LS0000 to LS0019)
 - LS0000 to 0007 is the GP \rightarrow PLC write-only area, and LS0008 to 0019 is read-only area.

GP	Word	Description	Bit	Details	H System Variable
InternalA	Address				
ddress					
LS0000	+0	Current Screen Number	-	1 to 9999 (BIN) 1 to 7999 (BCD)	#H_CurrentScreenNo
			0 to 2	Unused	
			3	Screen Memory Check Sum	
			4	SIO Framing	
			5	SIO Parity	
LS0001	+1	Error Status	6	SIO Overrun	-
			7 to 9	Unused	
			10	Backup Battery Low Voltage	
			11	PLC Communication Error	
			12 to 15	Unused	
LS0002	+2	Clock's current "Year" value	-	Last 2 digits of year (2 BCD digits)	#H_CurrentYear
LS0003	+3	Clock's current "Month" value	-	01 to 12 (2 BCD digits)	#H_CurrentMonth
LS0004	+4	Clock's current "Day" value	-	01 to 31 (2 BCD digits)	#H_CurrentDay

GP InternalA ddress	Word Address	Description	Bit	Details	H System Variable
LS0005	+5	Clock's current "Time" value	-	Hour: 00 to 23, Minute: 00 to 59 (4 BCD digits)	Time: #H_CurrentHour Minute: #H_CurrentMinute
			0 to 1	Reserved	-
			2	Printing	#H_Status_Print
			3	Data Display Part Write Setting Value	-
LS0006	+6	Status	4 to 7	Reserved	-
			8	Data Display Part Input Error	-
			9	Display ON/OFF 0: ON, 1: OFF	#H_Status_DispOnOff
			10	Expired backlight detected	-
			11 to 15	Reserved	-
LS0007	+7	Reserved	-	Reserved	-
LS0008	+8	Change-To Screen	-	1 to 9999 (BIN) 1 to 7999 (BCD) *1	#H_ChangeScreenNo
LS0009	+9	Screen Display ON/OFF	-	Turn Screen Display OFF with FFFFh Display screen with 0h	-
LS0010	+10	Clock's "Year" setting value	-	Last 2 digits of year (2 BCD digits) (Bit 15 is the clock data's rewrite flag)	#H_SetYear
LS0011	+11	Clock's "Month" setting value	-	01 to 12 (2 BCD digits)	#H_SetMonth
LS0012	+12	Clock's "Day" setting value	-	01 to 31 (2 BCD digits)	#H_SetDay

GP InternalA	Word Address	Description	Bit	Details	H System Variable
ddress					
LS0013	+13	Clock's "Time"	-	Hour: 00 to 23,	#H_SetHour
		setting value		Minute: 00 to 59 (4 BCD digits)	#H_SetMinute
			0	Backlight OFF	-
			1	Buzzer ON	#H_Control_Buzzer
			2	Print Started	#H_Control_HardcopyPr int
LS0014	+14	Control	3	Reserved	-
			4	Buzzer	#H_Control_BuzzerEnab le
			5	AUX Output	-
			6 to 10	Reserved	-
			11	Print Canceled	#H_Control_PrintCancel
			12 to 15	Reserved	-
LS0015	+15	Reserved	-	Reserved	-
			0	Window Display 0:OFF, 1:ON	
LS0016	+16	Window Control	1	Window overlap order change 0:Permitted 1: Not permitted	#H_GlobalWindowContr ol
			2 to 15	Reserved	
LS0017	+17	Window Screens	-	Global Window's registration number selected by indirect designation 1 to 2000 (BIN/ BCD)	#H_GlobalWindowNo

GP InternalA ddress	Word Address	Description	Bit	Details	H System Variable
LS0018	+18	Window Display Position (X Coordinate)	-	Global Window's top-left (Bin/BCD)	#H_GlobalWindowPosX
LS0019	+19	Window Display Position (Y Coordinate)	-		#H_GlobalWindowPosY

*1 When you do not specify [Reflect in Device/PLC] from the [System Settings] [Main Unit] [Display] tab, you cannot return to the screen number from which you switched by touch from the device/PLC. To force the screen to switch, turn ON bit 15 of the address, specify the screen number to which you want to switch from bits 0 -14. (Input the 8000h + the value of screen number to which you want to switch in the address.)

For example, To enable forced screen switching on the Screen.

8000(h)+1999(h)=9999(h) Write "9999" to the address.

Caution)

While forced screen switching is enabled (Bit 15 is ON), screen switching by touch is not enabled. When data format is BCD, you cannot switch to screens 2000 and up.

• Normally, when turning OFF the Screen Display, do not use +14 [Control] [Backlight OFF] bit. Use +9 [Screen Display ON/OFF].

Description	Details				
Current Screen	Stores the	e screen number curre	ntly displayed on the GP.		
Error Status	When an error occurs in the GP, the corresponding bit turns ON. After the bit turns ON and the power turns OFF, the status is maintained until the GP changes from offline mode back to active mode.				
	Bit	Description	Details		
	0 to 2	Unused			
	3	Screen Memory Check Sum	There is an error in the project file. Transfer it again.		
	4	SIO Framing			
	5	SIO Parity			
	6	SIO Overrun			
	7 to 9	Unused			
	10	Backup Battery Low Voltage	This turns ON when the voltage of the backup lithium battery is low. The backup battery is used by the clock and SRAM.		
	11	PLC Communication Error	Error in communication with device/PLC, caused by bits 4 to 6, or other cause.		
	12 to 15	Unused			
	 from 00 to 23 and 2 minute digits from 00 to 59 for a total of 4 digit NOTE The current value for the day is stored in LS9310. The day is calcufrom the Year, Month, and Day of the GP's onboard IC (RTC) cloce 				
	The value is stored in LS9310 as follows.				
		Numeric Value	Description		
		0	Sunday		
		1	Monday		
		2	Tuesday		
		3	Wednesday		
		4	Thursday		
		5	Friday		
		6	Saturday		
		After 7	Unused		
	Updates are performed when the IC clock date is changed. Because the writes do not occur regularly, when parts change in this area, this area is not updated until the IC clock date changes.				

Description	Details		
Status			need to monitor. Do not turn reserved bits netimes used for GP system maintenance.
	Bit	Description	Details
	0, 1	Reserved	-
	2	Printing	Turns ON during printing. While this bit is ON, there are cases when the offline screen appears or when output is disturbed.
	3	Write Setting Value	This bit is reversed each time a write occurs from a Data Display (Setting Value Input).
	4 to 7	Reserved	-
	8	Data Display Part Input Error	When Alarm are set for the Data Display where you are currently entering data and you enter a value outside of the alarm range, this bit turns ON. When you input a value inside the alarm range or change screens, this bit turns OFF.
	9	Display ON/OFF (0: ON, 1: OFF)	 This can detect whether to turn the GP's screen display ON/OFF from the device/PLC. This bit changes in the following cases. 1. When FFFFh is written to the System Data Area's Display ON/OFF, the display turns OFF. 2. When the standby time passes, the display turns OFF 3. If the screen changes or is touched after the display turns OFF, the display turns back ON. NOTE This bit cannot change LS0014 "Control"'s 0 bit (Backlight OFF).
	10	Expired backlight detected	When an expired backlight is detected, this bit turns ON.
	11 to 15	Reserved	-

Description	Details					
Change-To Screen	Set the Change-to Screen Number. The setting range differs depending on whether or not [Data Type of Display Screen Numbers] and [Change Screen from Main Unit - Reflect in Device/PLC] are set on the [System Settings] [Display Unit] [Display] tab					
	Display Unit					
	Display Operation	Mode Logic System	n Area Extended Settings			
	-Screen Settings -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Initial Screen Nu	mber 1	=			
	Data Type of Dis	splay Screen Numbers	⊙ Bin ◯ BCD			
	Change Screen f	rom Main Unit				
	I Reflect in	Device/PLC				
	Start Time	þ	🗄 🧱 Seconds			
	Standby Mode	None	 _			
	Standby Mode	e Time	🛨 🏢 Minutes			
		creen in Standby Mode				
		,,	,			
	When [Data Type o	of Display Screen I	Numbers] is [Bin]:			
	Device/PLC De	reen Change from vice/PLC	Screen Change from Main Unit			
	Checked 1 to 9999		1 to 9999			
	Unchecked 1 to 9999 1 to 9999 When [Data Type of Display Screen Numbers] is [BCD]:					
		reen Change from vice/PLC	Screen Change from Main Unit			
		o 7999	1 to 7999			
	Unchecked 1 t	o 1999	1 to 7999			
Screen Display ON/ OFF	value is "FFFFh".	Values other than "	0h" and hides the screen when the '0h" and "FFFFh" are reserved. he next touch on the screen turns the			
Clock Data (Present Value)	Set as BCD. [Year] is the 2 final digits of the year, [Month] is 2 digits from 01 to 12, [Day] is 2 digits from 01 to 31, [Time] is 2 hour digits from 00 to 23 and 2 minute digits from 00 to 59 for a total of 4 digits.					
	Setting Example < (1) When the curre - "Month" - Writ - "Day" - Write " - "Time" - Write (2) When you write ON, and clock da	October 19th, 200 ent Word Address ' e "0010" \rightarrow Word 0019" \rightarrow Word Address "2157" \rightarrow Word Address e "8005" to Word Address	05, 21:57> '+10"'s data is "0000", Address "+11" ddress "+12" Address "+13" Address "+10," bit 15 of "+10" turns r "8005," bit 15 is turned ON by the			

Description	Details				
Control	NOTE				
	 Please make sure to write this address in bit units. In some cases, writing with word data can change the value. "Reserved" bits are sometimes used for maintenance of the GP's system. Turn them OFF. 				
	Bit 0	Description Backlight OFF	Details When ON, the backlight turns OFF. When OFF, the backlight turns ON. (The parts placed on the screen will still function while the LCD is lit.) NOTE		
			 Normally, to turn OFF the screen display use Word Address "+9" (Screen Display ON/OFF). 		
	1	Buzzer ON	0:Do not sound, 1: Sound		
	2	Print Started	0:Do not sound, 1: Sound When the bit turns ON, the printing screen data starts.		
			 When Status "Bit 2" (Printing) turns ON, turn it OFF manually. 		
	3	Reserved	0 Fixed		
	4	Buzzer	The following action occurs only when Control "Bit 1" (Buzzer ON) is ON. 0:Sound, 1: Do not sound To stop the buzzer sound, turn this bit ON.		
	5	AUX Output	The following action occurs only when Control "Bit 1" (Buzzer ON) is ON. 0:Sound, 1: Do not sound To stop the AUX output, turn this bit ON.		
	6 to 10	Reserved	0 Fixed		
	11	Print Canceled	0:Sound, 1: Do not sound When the bit turns ON, all current printing is canceled. NOTE		
			 After printing stops and Status "Bit 2" (Printing) turns OFF, turn it OFF manually. Even when the Print Canceled bit turns ON, data previously sent to the printer is printed. 		
	12 to 15	5 Reserved	0 Fixed		
Window Control		s the window displa Basic" (page 18-23)	у.		
Window Screens	Stores the Global Window's registration number selected by indirect designation. 1 to 2000 (BIN/BCD).				
Window Display Position	Stores the Global Window's top-left display position, selected by indirect designation. "+18" shows the X coordinate, "+19" shows the Y coordinate. The data type is BIN or BCD.				

A.1.4.3 Special Relay



The Special Relay is not write-protected. Do not turn it ON/OFF with Parts or write Words.

The Special Relay has the following structure.

Direct Access Method

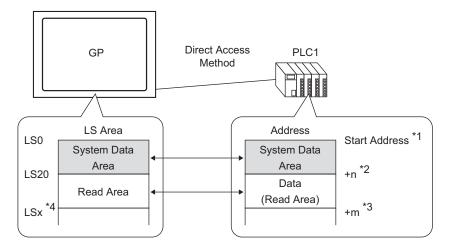
Address	Description	H System Variable
LS2032	Common Relay Information	—
LS2033	Base Screen Information	—
LS2034	Reserved	—
LS2035	1-Second Binary Counter	—
LS2036	Display Scan Time	#H_DispScanTime
LS2037	Communication Cycle Time	—
LS2038	Display Scan Counter	#H_DispScanCounter
LS2039	Communication Error Code	—
LS2040	Reserved	—
LS2041	-	
LS2042		
LS2043	-	
LS2044	1	
LS2045		
LS2046	1	
LS2047		

Description	Details	
Common Relay Information (LS2032)		15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Bit
	Bit	Description
	0	Toggles ON/OFF every communication cycle.
	1	After a Base screen or Window changes, turns ON until
		communication with all the device addresses set in the screen has succeeded and the Part operation, or process, has completed.
	2	Turns ON only when a communication error occurs.
	3	Turns ON while the initial screen is displayed at power ON.
	4	Normally ON.
	5	Normally OFF.
	6	Turns ON when backup SRAM data is erased. (Only onboard backup SRAM)
	7	When using D-Scripts, turns ON when a BCD error occurs.
	8	When using D-Scripts, turns ON when a zero error occurs.
	9	Turns ON when a recipe could not be transferred to backup SRAM.
	10	Turns ON when a recipe transferred according to the Control Word
		Address could not be transferred from PLC \rightarrow SRAM. Also, if transferring between the PLC by means of a Special Data Display (filing), when there is a Transfer Complete Bit Address, turns ON when data could not be transferred from PLC \rightarrow Area, or PLC \rightarrow SRAM.
	11	Turns ON while transferring filing data between SRAM $\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$ LS Area by means of a Special Data Display (Filing).
	12	When using D-Scripts, turns ON when a communication error occurs from a memcpy () or address offset designation read. Turns OFF when data finishes reading normally.
	13	In the [System Settings] [Script I/O] page, when no [D-Script/Global D-Script] is set in the project, turns ON when the readout of the Send function, Receive function, Control, Status variable, and Received Data Size is executed in [SIO Port Operation]'s Label Settings.
	14	In the [System Settings] [Script I/O] page, when [D-Script/Global D-Script] is set in the project, turns ON when an extended script's [Text Operation] function is executed. Also, in the [System Settings] [Script I/O] page, when [Extended Script] is set in the project, turns ON even when a D-Script/Global D-Script [SIO Port Operation]'s I/O function (IO_WRITE, IO_READ) is executed.
	15	Reserved
Base Screen		
Information (LS2033)		1 0 Bit Image: Changes until handling of all parts is complete. Image: Changes until handling of all parts is complete.
		Reserved
Reserved (LS2034, LS2040 to LS2047)	Reserved	l. Do not use.
,		Continued

Description	Details
1-Second Binary Counter (LS2035)	Increments once every second immediately after the power is turned ON. The data is binary.
Display Scan Time (LS2036)	The display time taken starting from the first Part set on the display screen to the end of the last Part. Data is stored in binary format, in ms units. The data is updated when all processing for the target Parts has finished. The data's initial value is 0. There is an error of ± 10 ms.
Communication Cycle Time (LS2037)	 One cycle's time is from the start to the end of the management of the System Data Area allotted inside the device/PLC, and each type of device. Data is stored in binary format, in 10 ms units. The data is updated when all processing for the System Data Area and target device has finished. The data's initial value is 0. There is an error of ± 10 ms. NOTE When multiple devices/PLCs are connected to a single GP, the System Data Area can only be allotted to one device/PLC.
Display Scan Counter (LS2038)	The counter increments each time the Part set on the display screen processes. The data is binary.
Communication Error Code (LS2039)	When a communication error occurs, this stores the last displayed communication error code in binary.

A.1.4.4 Device/PLC System Data Area Allocation Procedure

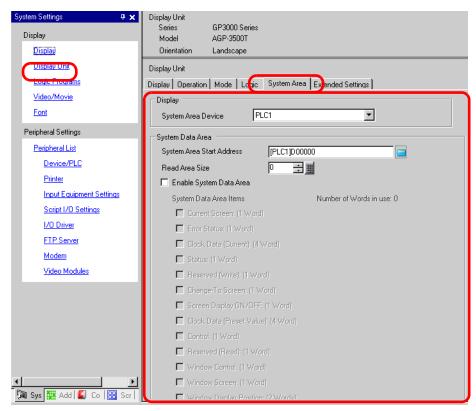
When referencing a screen number displayed on the GP from a device/PLC or changing screens, to reference/control the GP's data, share the GP's internal System Data Area's allotted data with the device/PLC.



- *1 Set up the start address with the process on the next page.
- *2 n = 0 to 20. This depends on the number of selected items in the GP's set System Data Area.
- *3 This is the Read Area Size.
- *4 *= Read Area Start Address (20) + Read Area Size (m)

IMPORTANT	 When multiple devices/PLCs are connected to a single GP, the System Data Area can only be allotted to one device/PLC. Do not set addresses for Parts which span the System Data Area and Read Area, or the Read Area and User Area. When setting addresses for Parts in the System Data Area, set the data length as 16 bit.
NOTE	• The number of addresses that can be set in the System Data Area differs depending on the device/PLC. For details, please refer to the GP-Pro EX Device/PLC Connection Manual.

1 From the [Project (F)] menu, select [System Settings (C)] or click select [Display Unit]. In [Display Unit], select the [System Area] tab. The following dialog box appears.



2 Allot the addresses in the device/PLC you will communicate with. In [System Area Device], select the device/PLC where you will allot addresses and set the start address of an area that has 16 Words or more of continuous addresses in [System Area Start Address].

	Display Unit Display Operation Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings
	Display System Area Device PLC1
	System Area Start Address [PLC1]D00000
NOTE	• Data used in all common screens and Line Charts' block display data is stored in the "Read Area." According to the needed capacity, set a [Read Area Size] of up to 256 Words. Use the LS area exclusively as the read area starting from the address on the right and continuing for the designated number of Words.

3 Select the [Enable System Data Area] check box. 16 Words are allotted from the start address.

"A.1.5.2 System Data Area" (page A-26)

☑	Enable System Data Area	
	System Data Area Items	Number of Words in use: 16
	🔽 Current Screen: (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00000
	🔽 Error Status: (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00001
	🔽 Clock Data (Current): (4 Word)	[PLC1]D00002
	🔽 Status: (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00006
	🔽 Reserved (Write): (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00007
	🔽 Change-To Screen: (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00008
	🔽 Screen Display ON/OFF: (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00009
	🔽 Clock Data (Preset Value): (4 Word)	[PLC1]D00010
	🔽 Control: (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00014
	Reserved (Read): (1 Word)	[PLC1]D00015
	🥅 Window Control: (1 Word)	
	🔲 Window Screen: (1 Word)	
	🔲 Window Display Position: (2 Words)	

NOTE

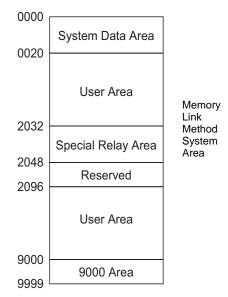
When using a Global Window, four Words are used for the [Window Control], [Window Screen], and [Window Display Position].
 "18.6.2 Setup Procedure" (page 18-18)

4 The settings are complete.

A.1.5 System Area (Memory Link Area)

When communicating inside the GP using the Memory Link Method, the System Area is secured. This area is used for exchanging with the host.

A.1.5.1 System Area List



IMPORTANT	• When setting addresses for Parts in the System Data Area, set the data	ta
	length as 16 bit.	

Area Name	Description
System Data Area	This area stores data required for system operations, such as the GP screen control data and error information. The write data is fixed. "A.1.5.2 System Data Area" (page A-26)
User Area This area is used for exchanging data between the GP and I On the host, choose GP address data to write, and create a program. In the GP, configure special Parts settings to disp written in the addresses. Create a program in the host so it GP data written by means of Switches, Data Displays, and	
Special Relay	This area stores allstatus information types that occur when the GP communicates.
Reserved	Used inside the GP. Do not use this area.
9000 Area	Stores the GP's internal operating information such as a Trend Graph's historical data and the communication scan time. There is also an adjustable portion.

NOTE

• When the address has a bit designation, add a bit position after the Word device. (Designate from 00 to 15.)

When bit 02 of the user area's 0020 address is designated "002002"

A.1.5.2 System Data Area

This shows the contents of write data in each address of the System Data Area.

Word Address	Description	Bit	Details
0	Reserved	-	Reserved
		0 to 1	Reserved
		2	Printing
		3	Data Display Part Write Setting Value
1	Status	4 to 7	Reserved
		8	Data Display Part Input Error
		9	Display ON/OFF 0:ON, 1:OFF
		10	Expired backlight detected
		11 to 15	Reserved
2	Reserved	-	Reserved
		0 to 2	Unused
		3	Screen Memory Check Sum
		4	SIO Framing
3	Error Status	5	SIO Parity
		6	SIO Overrun
		7 to 9	Unused
		10	Backup Battery Low Voltage
		11 to 15	Unused
4	Clock's current "Year"	0 to 7	Last 2 digits of year (2 BCD digits)
	value	8 to 15	Unused
5	Clock's current "Month"	0 to 7	01 to 12 (2 BCD digits)
	value	8 to 15	Unused
6	Clock's current "Day"	0 to 7	01 to 31 (2 BCD digits)
	value	8 to 15	Unused

Word Address	Description	Bit	Details
7	Clock's current "Hour"	0 to 7	00 to 23 (2 BCD digits)
	value	8 to 15	Unused
8	Clock's current "Minute"	0 to 7	00 to 59 (2 BCD digits)
	value	8 to 15	Unused
9	Reserved	-	Reserved
10	Interrupt Output (When touch is OFF)	-	If writing to a Word Switch (16 bit), when you take your finger off the Switch, the lower 8 bits get outputted as an interrupt code. ^{*1}
		0	Backlight OFF
		1	Buzzer ON
		2	Print Started
		3	Reserved
		4	Buzzer
11	Control	5	AUX Output
		6	 Writes "FFh" when you touch a screen and return to the screen (from "Display OFF" to "Display ON"). 0: Do not output interrupt 1: Output interrupt
		7 to 10	Reserved
		11	Print Canceled
		12 to 15	Reserved
12	Screen Display ON/OFF	-	Turn Screen Display OFF with FFFFh Display screen with 0h
13	Interrupt Output (When touch is ON)	-	When writing to a Word Switch (16 bit), the lower 8 bits get outputted as an interrupt code. ^{*1}
14	Reserved	-	Reserved
15	Current Screen Number	-	1 to 9999 (BIN) 1 to 7999 (BCD) *2

Word Address	Description	Bit	Details
		0	Window Display 0:OFF, 1:ON
16	Window Control	1	Change Window overlap order 0:Permitted, 1: Not permitted
		12 to 15	Reserved
17	Window Screens	-	Global Window's registration number selected by indirect designation 1 to 2000 (BIN/BCD)
18	Window Display Position (X Coordinate)	-	Global Window's top-left display position, selected by indirect designation (BIN/BCD).
19	Window Display Position (Y Coordinate)	-	

*1 If you write over data from 0x00 to 0x1F there may be some damage to communications.

*2 When you do not specify [Reflect in Device/PLC] from the [System Settings] [Main Unit] [Display] tab, you cannot return to the screen number from which you switched by touch from the device/PLC. To force the screen to switch, turn ON bit 15 of the address, specify the screen number to which you want to switch from bits 0 -14. (Input the 8000h + the value of screen number to which you want to switch in the address.)

For example, To enable forced screen switching on the Screen. 8000(h)+1999(h)=9999(h) Write "9999" to the address.

Caution)

While forced screen switching is enabled (Bit 15 is ON), screen switching by touch is not enabled. When data format is BCD, you cannot switch to screens 2000 and up.

Description	Details		
Reserved	Addresses "0", "2", "9", and "14" are reserved. Because they are used within the GP, do not write data to them.		
Status		•	bits. Reserved bits are sometimes used for refore, do NOT turn them ON/OFF.
	Bit	Description	Details
	0,1	Reserved	-
	2	Printing	Turns ON during printing. While this bit is ON, there are cases when the offline screen appears or when output is disturbed.
	3	Write Setting Value	This bit is reversed each time a write occurs from a Data Display (Setting Value Input).
	4 to 7	Reserved	-
	8	Data Display Part Input Error	 When Alarm are set for the Data Display where you are currently entering data and you enter a value outside of the alarm range, this bit turns ON. When you input a value inside the alarm range or change screens, this bit turns OFF.
	9	Display ON/OFF (0: ON, 1: OFF)	 This can detect whether to turn the GP's screen display ON/OFF from the device/PLC. This bit changes in the following cases. (1) When FFFFh is written to the System Data Area's Display ON/OF, the display turns OFF. (2) When the standby time passes, the display turns OFF. (3) If the screen changes or is touched after the display turns OFF, the display will turn back ON. NOTE • This bit cannot change LS0014 "Control"'s 0 bit (Backlight OFF).
	10	Expired backlight detected	When an expired backlight is detected, this bit turns ON.
	11 to 1	5 Reserved	-

Description	Details	i	
Error Status	When an error occurs in the GP, the corresponding bit turns ON. After the bit turns ON and the power turns OFF, the status is maintained until the GP changes from offline mode back to active mode.		
	Bit	Description	Details
	0 to 2	Unused	
	3	Screen Memory Check Sum	There is an error in the project file. Transfer it again.
	4	SIO Framing	
	5	SIO Parity	
	6	SIO Overrun	
	7 to 9	Unused	
	10	Backup Battery Low Voltage	This turns ON when the voltage of the backup lithium battery is low. The backup battery is used by the clock and SRAM.
	11 to 15	5 Unused	
bit 7. [Year] is the 2 final digits of		ver the value, it will be is the 2 final digits of th s 2 digits from 01 to 31	stored in BCD, in the highest-order bit to ne year, [Month] is 2 digits from 01 to 12, , [Hour] is 2 digits from 00 to 23 and
	- "Ye - "Mo - "Da - "Ho	Example < October 19 ar" - Write "0005" \rightarrow W onth" - Write "0010" \rightarrow y" - Write "0019" \rightarrow W our" - Write "0021" \rightarrow W nute" - Write "0057" $-$	Vord Address "4" • Word Address "5" /ord Address "6" Word Address "7"
Interrupt Output (When touch is OFF)If writing to a Word Switch (16 bit), when you take yo Switch, the lower 8 bits are output as an interrupt code "FFh" will not be outputted.)Image: Comparison of the second seco		• •	

Description	Details				
Control	NOTE	NOTE			
	• Please	• Please make sure to write this address in bit units. In some cases, writing			
		/ord data can cha	-		
			netimes used for maintenance of the GP's system.		
		nem OFF.			
	Bit	Description	Details		
	0	Backlight OFF	When ON, the backlight turns OFF. When OFF, the backlight turns ON. (The parts placed on the screen will still function while the LCD is lit.)		
			NOTE		
			 Normally, when turning OFF the screen display, use Word Address "12" (Screen Display ON/OFF). 		
	1	Buzzer ON	0:Do not sound, 1: Sound		
	2	Print Started	0:Do not sound, 1: Sound When the bit turns ON, the printing screen data starts.		
			NOTE		
			 When Status "Bit 2" (Printing) turns ON, turn it OFF manually. 		
	3	Reserved	0 Fixed		
	4	Buzzer	The following action occurs only when Control "Bit 1" (Buzzer ON) is ON. 0:Sound, 1: Do not sound To stop the buzzer sound, turn this bit ON.		
	5	AUX Output	The following action occurs only when Control "Bit 1" (Buzzer ON) is ON. 0:Sound, 1: Do not sound To stop the AUX output, turn this bit ON.		
	6	Interrupt output for when a screen is changed from OFF to ON by touching a touch panel	(Interrupt code: FFh) 0: Do not output interrupt, 1: Output interrupt		
	7 to 10	Reserved	0 Fixed		
	11	Print Canceled	0:Sound, 1: Do not sound When the bit turns ON, all current printing is canceled.		
			 After printing stops and Status "Bit 2" (Printing) turns OFF, turn it OFF manually. Even when the Print Canceled bit turns ON, data previously sent to the printer is printed. 		
	12 to 15	Reserved	0 Fixed		

Description	Details		
Screen Display ON/ OFF	Shows the screen when the value is "0h" and hides the screen when the value is "FFFFh". Values other than "0h" and "FFFFh" are reserved. When the screen display is hidden, the next touch on the screen will turn the display back ON.		
	Because the addresses are used for system control, do not display them by means of a Data Display.		
	Because the addresses are controlled in Words, you cannot write Bits.		
	When you write "FFFFh," the displayed screen disappears momentarily. If you want the screen display to disappear for the standby mode time designated in the GP offline mode's initial settings, write "0000h."		
Interrupt Output (When touch is ON)	When writing to a Word Switch (16 bit), the lower 8 bits are output from the GP to the host as an interrupt code.		
	Do not write control codes in the "00 to 1F" range. It can cause a communication problem.		
	Because the addresses are used for system control, do not display them by means of a Data Display.		
	Because the addresses are controlled in Words, you cannot write Bits.		
	NOTE		
	• When you write data with a Word Switch (16 bit), they are output as interrupt data. Retrieve this byte of interrupt input in the host (with the INPUT\$ in BASIC, for example), and you can simplify the program by using the retrieved interrupt output to jump to each subroutine.		

Description	Details				
Description Current Screen Number	Details Set the Change-to Screen Number. The setting range differs depending on whether or not [Data Type of Display Screen Numbers] and [Change Screen from Main Unit - Reflect in Device/PLC] are set on the [System Settings] [Display Unit] [Display] tab. Display Unit [Display Coperation] Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings] Screen Settings [Display] Operation] Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings Screen Settings [Display] Operation] Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings Screen Form Main Unit [Change Screen Numbers] © Bin © BCD Change Screen from Main Unit [Change To Screen in Standby Mode] Standby Mode [None] Standby Mode [None]				
	When [Data Type of Display Screen Numbers] is [Bin]: Reflect in Screen Change from Device/PLC Device/PLC Checked 1 to 9999 Unchecked 1 to 9999 When [Data Type of Display Screen Numbers] is [Bop]:	n Unit			
	When [Data Type of Display Screen Numbers] is [BCD]: Reflect in Screen Change from Device/PLC Device/PLC Checked 1 to 7999 Unchecked 1 to 1999 1 to 7999 Secause the addresses are used for system control, duther by means of a Data Display. Secause the addresses are controlled in words, you cobits.	o not display			
Window Control	Controls the window display. ☞ "■ Basic" (page 18-23)				
Window Screens	Stores the Global Window's registration number selected by indirect designation. 1 to 2000 (BIN/BCD).				
Window Display Position	Stores the Global Window's top-left display position, selected designation. "+18" shows the X coordinate, "+19" shows the coordinate. The data type is BIN or BCD.	•			

A.1.5.3 Special Relay



The Special Relay is not write-protected. Do not turn it ON/OFF with Parts or write Words.

The Special Relay has the following structure.

Memory Link Method

Address	Description
2032	Common Relay
	Information
2033	Base Screen Information
2034	Reserved
2035	1-Second Binary Counter
2036	Display Scan Time
2037	Reserved
2038	Display Scan Counter
2039	Reserved
2040	Reserved
2041	
2042	
2043	
2044	
2045	
2046	
2047	

Description	Details	
Common Relay Information		15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Bit
	Bit	Description
	0	Reserved
	1	After a screen (Base, Window) changes, turns ON until the Part handling is complete.
	2	Reserved
	3	Turns ON while the initial screen is displayed at power ON.
	4	Normally ON.
	5	Normally OFF.
	6	Turns ON when backup SRAM data is erased. (Only onboard backup SRAM)
	7	When using D-Scripts, turns ON when a BCD error occurs.
	8	When using D-Scripts, turns ON when a zero error occurs.
	9	Turns ON when a recipe could not be transferred to backup SRAM.
	10	Turns ON when filing data transferred according to the Control Word Address could not be transferred from $PLC^{*1} \rightarrow SRAM$. Also, if transferring between the PLC by means of a Special Data Display, when there is a Transfer Complete Bit Address, turns ON when data could not be transferred from $PLC^{*1} \rightarrow Area$, or $PLC^{*1} \rightarrow$ SRAM.
	11	Turns ON while transferring filing data between SRAM and $\leftarrow \rightarrow LS$ Area ^{*1} by means of a Special Data Display (Filing).
	12	When using D-Scripts, turns ON when a communication error occurs from a memcpy () or address offset designation read. Turns OFF when data finishes reading normally.
	13	In the [System Settings] [Script I/O] page, when no [D-Script/Global D-Script] is set in the project, turns ON when the readout of the Send function, Receive function, Control, Status variable, and Received Data Size is executed in [SIO Port Operation]'s Label Settings.
	14	In the [System Settings] [Script I/O] page, when [D-Script/Global D-Script] is set in the project, turns ON when an extended script's [Text Operation] function is executed. Also, in the [System Settings] [Script I/O] page, when [Extended Script] is set in the project, turns ON even when a D-Script/Global D-Script [SIO Port Operation]'s I/O function (IO_WRITE, IO_READ) is executed.
	15	Reserved
	*1 For the	Memory Link Method, represents the "User Area" inside the System Area.
Base Screen		
Information (2033)		15 1 0 Bit This bit stays ON from the time the base screen changes until handling of all parts is complete.
		Reserved

Description	Details	
Reserved (2034, 2037, 2040 to 2047)	Reserved. Do not use.	
1-Second Binary Counter	Increments once every second immediately after the power is turned ON. The data is binary.	
Display Scan Time (2036)	The display time taken starting from the first Part set on the display screen to the end of the last Part. Data is stored in binary format, in ms units. The data is updated when the targeted Parts' pre-processing is complete. The data's initial value is "0". There is an error of ± 10 ms	
Display Scan Counter	The counter increments each time the Part set on the display screen processes. The data is binary.	

A.1.6 Restrictions

A.1.6.1 GP Internal Device Restrictions

• Data stored in the GP internal device, including Memory Link's System Area are deleted when the GP enters offline mode. However, you can copy the User Area's data to backup SRAM.

^C "5.14.6 [System Settings] Setting Guide ◆ Range Settings Dialog Box 5.14.6[System Settings] Setting Guide" (page 5-109)

A.1.6.2 Special Relay Restrictions



A System Error may occur if a communication error continues for a long time. In this case, reset the GP.



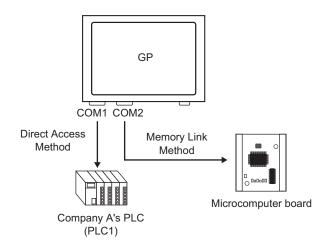
When you use the value of a 1-Second Binary Counter or Display Scan Counter as the trigger bit for a Triggered Action part's Monitoring Bit or for the Script feature, a System Error may occur if a communication error continues for a long time. In this case, reset the GP.



The Special Relay is not write-protected. Do not turn it ON/OFF with Parts or write Words.

A.1.6.3 Restrictions when Using Direct Access and Memory Link Together

Using Direct Access Method and Memory Link Method, andCommunicating with a Device/PLC



• When setting addresses with Parts or the Script feature, separate them in the GP internal device. For example, when setting a Word switch's [Word Address], you can select 2 types

of device code when you use the GP internal device, but the supported communication method differs depending on the area.

💰 Input Address 🛛 🛛 🔀									
_lsl0	0000								
	7 8								
	4	5	6						
	1	2	3						
	0 Ent								
💰 Input Address				×					
	EMLIN	IK		×					
Device/PL(#ME	MLIN 00000	IK		×					
Device/PL(#ME		IK	Clr	×					
Device/PL(#ME		IK 8	Clr						
Device/PLI #ME	0000		Clr 9	×					

- [#INTERNAL]LS The User Area allocated in the Device/PLC with the Direct Access Method. You cannot use the Memory Link Method to communicate.
- [#INTERNAL]USR An area that can be arbitrarily set as a work area. Can be used with both the Direct Access Method and Memory Link Method.
- [#MEMLINK] The User Area used only for communication by Memory Link Method. You cannot use the Direct Access Method to communicate.

• The Direct Access Method LS Area and the Memory Link Area (System Area) are mutually linked, with the exception of some addresses.

0 Ent

LS0000System Data AreaPartly LinkedSystem Data Area0000 0020LS0020Read AreaUser Area0020Read AreaUser AreaUser Area2032LS2032Special Relay AreaLinkedSpecial Relay Area2032LS2048Reserved AreaLinkedReserved Area2048LS2096User AreaLinkedReserved Area2096LS8192User AreaUser AreaUser Area9000LS9000LS0000 AreaLinkedLS0000 Area9000	Dir	ect Access Meth LS Area	iod N	lemory Link Meth LS Area	od
Read AreaUser Area(LS0276)User AreaUser AreaUser AreaLS2032Special Relay AreaLinkedLS2048Reserved AreaLinkedReserved AreaLinkedLS2096User AreaUser AreaUser AreaLS8192User AreaLS9000User AreaUser Area		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
User AreaUser Area2032LS2032Special Relay AreaLinkedSpecial Relay Area2048LS2048Reserved AreaLinkedReserved Area2048LS2096User AreaLinkedReserved Area2096User AreaUser AreaUser Area8192LS9000User AreaUser Area9000					0020
Special Relay AreaLinkedSpecial Relay AreaLS2048Reserved AreaLinkedReserved AreaLS2096User AreaLinkedReserved AreaLS8192User AreaUser Area8192LS900000000	()	User Area			2022
Reserved AreaLinkedReserved AreaLS2096User Area2096User AreaUser Area8192LS9000User Area9000			Linked		
User AreaUser AreaLS8192User AreaUser AreaUser AreaLS90009000		Reserved Area	Linked	Reserved Area	
User Area User Area 9000		User Area		User Area	
		User Area		User Area	
LS9999 9999		LS9000 Area	Linked	LS9000 Area	

• The System Data Area in the Direct Access Method (LS Area) and the System Data Area in the Memory Link Area are partially linked. Please confirm the details in the corresponding table.

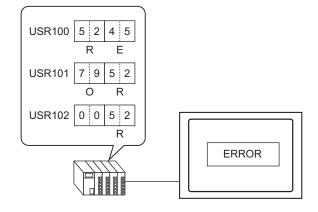
Description	Direct Access Method	Memory Link Method
Current Screen Number	LS0000	0015 (Read)
Error Status	LS0001	0003
Clock Data Current Value (Year)	LS0002	0004 (Read)
Clock Data Current Value (Month)	LS0003	0005 (Read)
Clock Data Current Value (Day)	LS0004	0006 (Read)
Clock Data Current Value (Time)	LS0005	0007, 0008 (Read)
Status	LS0006	0001
Reserved	LS0007	None
Change-To Screen Number	LS0008	0015 (Write)
Screen Display ON/OFF	LS0009	0012
Clock Data Preset Value (Year)	LS0010	0004 (Write)
Clock Data Preset Value (Month)	LS0011	0005 (Write)
Clock Data Preset Value (Day)	LS0012	0006 (Write)
Clock Data Preset Value (Time)	LS0013	0007, 0008 (Write)
Control	LS0014	0011
Reserved	LS0015	None
Window Control	LS0016	0016
Window Screens	LS0017	0017
Window Display Position (X Coordinate)	LS0018	0018
Window Display Position (Y Coordinate)	LS0019	0019
Interrupt Output Data (When touch is OFF)	None	0010
Interrupt Output Data (When touch is ON)	None	0013

NOTE

• Some LS areas communicate with the device/PLC. For example, if [Change-To Screen Number] is changed to 3 (Memory Link Method address 0015) from a microcomputer board or other host, 3 is stored in Direct Access Method address LS0008, linked within GP. Make sure the LS areas' operation will not be affected by these changes.

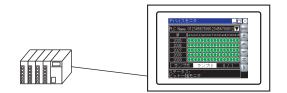
A.1.6.4 Restrictions when Using the USR Area

• The storage order for text data is as follows. You cannot change the order.



A.2 Monitoring the Value of Device Addresses (Device Monitor)

A.2.1 Introduction



You can monitor the arbitrary device of a specified device/PLC on the GP screen and change the arbitrary address value from the GP screen. This is useful for debugging.

The screen for the monitor is provided, therefore, you do not need to create the base screens. The following devices/PLCs can use the device monitor feature.

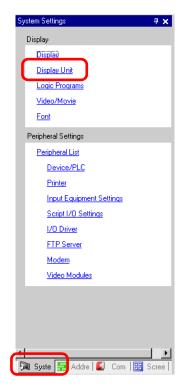
Maker	Device/PLC Name
Mitsubishi	A Series CPU Direct
Electric	A Series Ethernet
Corporation	A Series Computer Link
	Q Series CPU Direct
	Q/QnA Series Ethernet
	Q/QnA Serial Communication
	QnA Series CPU Direct
	FX Series CPU Direct
	FX Series Computer Link
	QUTE Series CPU Direct
Omron	C/CV Series HOST Link
Corporation	CS/CJ Series HOST Link
	CS/CJ Series Ethernet
PROFIBUS	PROFIBUS DP Slave
International	
Siemens AG	SIMATIC S7 MPI Direct
	SIMATIC S7 3964(R)/RK512
	SIMATIC S7 Ethernet/TCP
	SIMATIC S5 CPU Direct
Rockwell	DF1
Automation	EtherNet/IP (Not including ControlLogix/CompactLogix Series Native)
	DH485

· A ladder monitor tool is available for reading the PLC ladder program and NOTE monitoring on the GP screen. Please confirm whether your display model supports the ladder model features and purchase the ladder monitor tool for your PLC. Please refer to the "PLC Ladder Monitor Operation Manual" for the ladder monitor operating instructions. "1.3 List of Supported Functions by Device" (page 1-5)

A.2.2 **Setup Procedure**

Configures the following settings for the GP-Pro EX.

1 In the System Settings Window, click [Display Unit].





• When the [System Settings] tab is not displayed on the work space, select View] menu - [Work Space], and then select [System Settings (S)].

2 Open the [Extended Settings] tab and select the [Device Monitor] checkbox.

Display Unit Display Operation Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings	
Device Monitor Settings Device Monitor Global Window is set to Indirect.	
Remote PC Access Key Code Settings	

3 Transfer a project file to the GP.

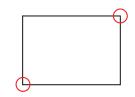
• The device monitor screen is displayed using a global window on the GP screen. Therefore, other global windows are not displayed while the device monitor is executing.
• Select [Enable the Device Monitor] to automatically specify [Global Window Operation] on the [Mode] tab as [Indirect].

A.2.3 Operation Procedure

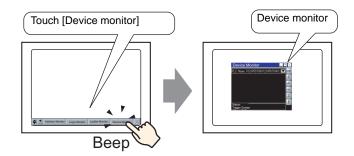
■ Start the Device Monitor Screen

There are three ways to start the device monitor screen. Start from the system menu.

1 Touch the top right corner, and then the \rightarrow bottom left corner (or bottom left corner \rightarrow top right corner) on the GP screen within 0.5 seconds.

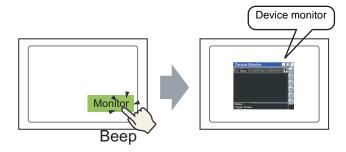


2 The system menu is displayed. Touch [Device Monitor] to display the device monitor screen.

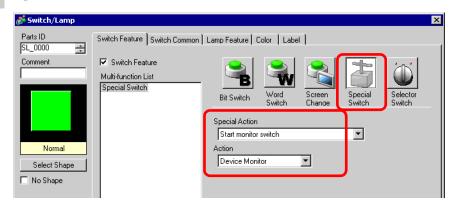


Start with a switch for device monitor start.

Create and place the switch for device monitor start in advance.



From the [Parts (P)] menu, point to [Switch/Lamp (C)] and select [Special Switch] or click **c** to place the switch on the screen, and then set as follows.

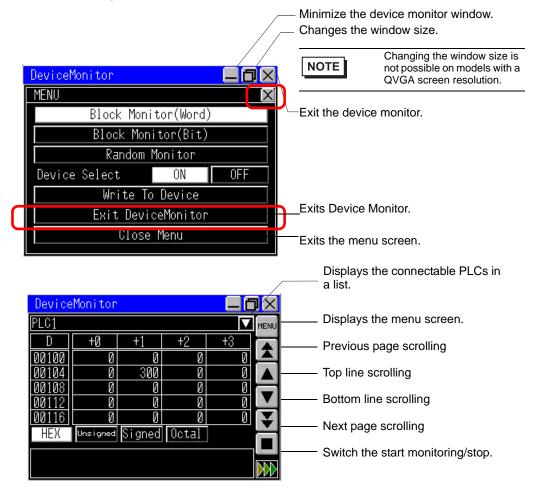


Triggering with System Variables

Turn ON the system variable #H_DeviceMonitor.

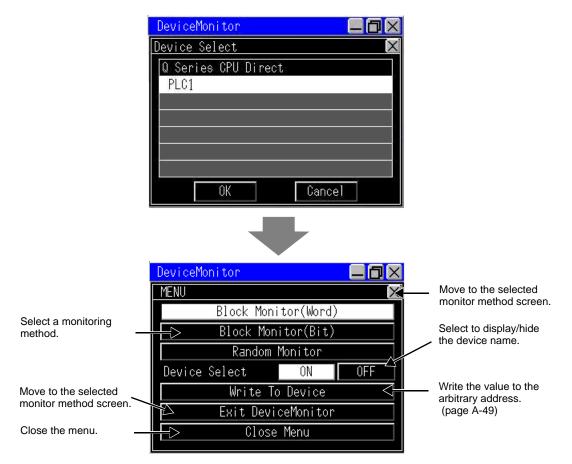
Monitor the Arbitrary Device

1 Select the monitoring method, and touch [Exit Device Monitor] or the [Menu] bar 🗵



NOTE	• If text that is unusable on the GP is included in the device name, it will not be
NOTE	displayed correctly.

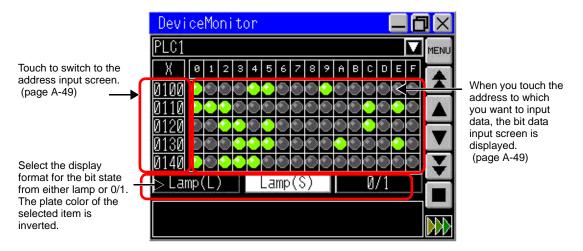
2 Touch [MENU]. The device monitor menu screen will be displayed.



Bit Block Monitor

Displays all address states of the specified bit device in a list. You can select the display format for the bit state from either lamp display or 0/1 display.

1 Touch [Bit Block Monitor] in the menu.



- 2 Touch the Exit Menu or **★**. Bit Block Monitor screen appears.
- **3** Select the display method from [Big Lamp], [Small Lamp] or [0/1]. When you select lamp display, filled circle indicates ON and circle frame indicates OFF.

Word Block Monitor

Displays the current value of the selected word device.

- 1 Touch [Word Block Monitor] in the menu.
- **2** Touch the Menu Exit or \mathbf{X} .

Word Block Monitor screen appears.

3 Select the display format. The default setting is decimal. You can select from [Hexadecimal/ BCD], [Unsigned], [Signed] or [Octal]. In case of a 32-bit device, you can also select [Float].

		Device	Monitor	Ê.		<u> </u>	X	
		PLC1					MENU	
	J	Ū	+0	+1	+2	+3		
Touch to switch to the address input screen.	P	80100	0	0	0	0		
(page A-49)		00104	0	300	<u> </u>	0		Touch the address to which you want
		00108	0	0	Ø	0		to input the data.
	li	00112	0	0	0	0		The Word data input screen is
	Ų	00116	N N	ß	Ŋ	<u> </u>		displayed. (page A-49)
Select the data display format from Hex/BDC, Sign, Non Sign, Oct or	ſ	HEX	Unsigned	Signed	Octal		H	(page A-49)
Float.								

Random Monitor

You can select and display the address that you want to monitor and the address that you want to view from the bit address.

• You can only view addresses that can be displayed on one video. The address numbers that can be displayed depend on the size of the display screen or device monitor screen.

- 1 Touch [Random Monitor] in the menu screen.
- 2 Touch Exit Menu or 💌.

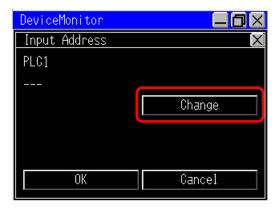
The random monitor screen appears.

3 Touch the any area of Type, Address or Format.

DeviceMonitor 📃 🗖 >									
PLC1				MENU					
Type	Address	Form	Data	S. 3					
			÷						
·			<u> </u>						
			÷						
·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
		,	÷						
			<u> </u>						

Touch the line to which you want to input the data.

4 Touch [Change] to move to the address input screen.



5 Input the address you want to display and touch [ENT]. The screens will be switched. Touch [OK] to display the input address on the random monitor screen.

Devi	ceMo	onito	or						JX
Inpu	ut A	ddre	SS					X	
PL01									
Туре	e				W	DRD		BIT	
DØØ	1000								
1	Ď	SD	W	SW	R	ZR	TŇ	SN	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
A	В	C	D	Ε	F		ÇLR	BS	ENT

Write to the Arbitrary Address

You can write the value directly to an arbitrary address on the GP. The following procedure describes an example of writing the value "100" to the Word Address D100.

1 Touch [Write to Optional Address] on the menu screen. The address input screen is displayed.

an display the address input screen by touching the arbitrary address on nonitor screen.

2 Select [Word] from Type, specify the address as "D100", and touch [ENT].

		Devi	ceM	onit	or					_ (
Displays the device for <u></u> writing. Displays the address <u></u> input by the Keypad Registration below.	→ →	PLC Typ	1		SS		W)RD		BIT		-	Select the address for writing the data from Word or Bit.
		1	D	SD	W	SW	R	ZR	TŇ	SN		1	Switched to the next page.
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0		
		A	В	C	D	Ε	F		CLR	BS	ENT	1	Touch to assign the address.

3 Select the display method for data, set the value "100" that you want to write, and touch [ENT].

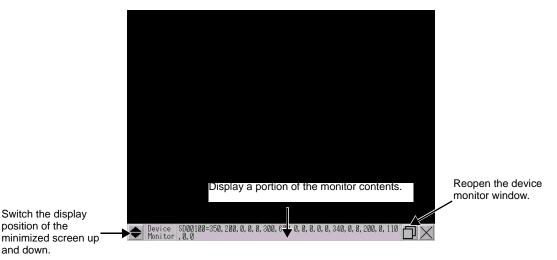
	DeviceMonitor 📃 🗖 🔀
	Write 🔀
	PLC1
Touch to move to	Address:D00100
the address input	🚺 Type:WORD
screen.	HEX Unsigned Signed Octal Eloat
	100
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
	+/- CLR BS ENT Touch to start writing.

NOTE

• When you write to a bit address, select [ON] or [OFF] and touch [ENT].

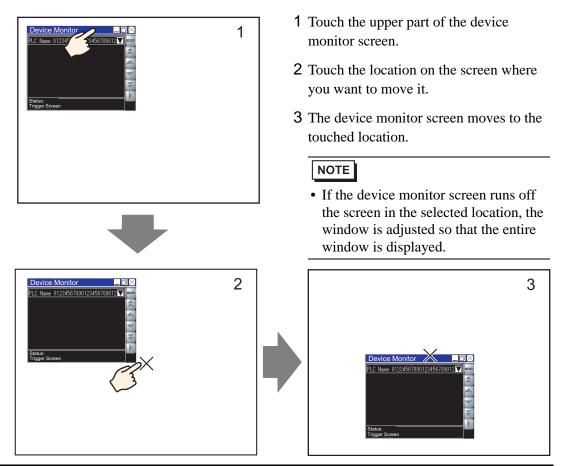
Minimize the Device Monitor Screen

Touch [_] on the title bar to minimize and display on the bottom of the screen.



Moving the Display Position of the Display Monitor Screen

• You cannot use this feature when the display is the same size as the device monitor.



A.2.4 Restrictions

- The device monitor screen is displayed using a global window. You cannot display other global windows while the device monitor is displayed.
- When you turn off the power on the display unit, the display position and size settings for the device monitor or displayed items are lost.
- The bit display of a 32-bit device cannot be displayed.
- The Word device cannot display binary.
- Do not write a value outside the range of the address. Doing so results in an error.
- The display language of the device monitor depends on the system language. If a language other than Japanese is specified, it is displayed in English. If an unusable language is set in the system language, the device/PLC name will not be displayed correctly.

A.3 Executing Multiple Actions (Programs) with a Switch Operation

A.3.1 Trigger Action Parts Settings Guide

From the [Parts (P)] menu, select [Trigger Action]. The [Trigger Action List] dialog box appears. Click [Create] or [Edit] to display the following settings dialog box.

Bit Action

Operate the specified bit address according to the change of state of the trigger bit address.

💰 Trigger Action		×
Parts ID TR_0001	Bit Action Word Action Change	Draw Action
	Trigger Settings	
	°_∕* °*,	• ‡×‡
	Bit ON Bit OFF	Bit Change
	Trigger Bit Address [PLC1]X00000	
	Mode Destination Bit Address [PLC1]>00000 Bit Action Bit Set	
Help (<u>H</u>)		OK (O) Cancel

Sett	ing	Description
sɓu	Bit ON	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from OFF \rightarrow ON.
Trigger Settings	Bit OFF	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from $ON \rightarrow OFF$.
	Bit Change	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON.
	Trigger Bit Address	Designate the bit address that triggers the action set in [Mode].
Mode	Destination Bit Address	Designate the bit address to run the action.

Continued

Setting			Description
		Bit Set	Turns ON the [Destination Bit Address] and maintains the ON state.
		Bit Reset	Turns OFF the [Destination Bit Address] and maintains the OFF state.
		Flip	Changes the ON/OFF state of the [Destination Bit Address].
Mode	Bit Action	Comparison	When the comparison condition is satisfied, turns ON the [Destination Bit Address]. Compares the Word Address data and a constant.
		Comparison Word Address	D00000 <= 300 Dec
		Condition	Select the comparison condition.
		Constant	Designate the constant to be compared.
		Data Type	Choose the constant's data type from [Dec], [BCD], or [Hex].

Word Action

Operate the specified bit address according to the change of state of the trigger bit address.

Trigger Action						x
Parts ID TR_0001 Comment	On/Off Bit Action	Word Action	Screen Change	Draw Action	etc Special Action	
	Trigger Set	tings — — — O	+	° ;∕;		
	Bit ON Trigger Bit	Address [[P	Bit OFF LC1]X00000	Bit Char		
	Mode Destination [PLC1]D000	Word Addres	s			
	Word Action	•		Bit Length 16 Bit	•	
				Constant Data Type	3	
				Dec	•	
Help (<u>H</u>)				OK (<u>O</u>)	Cancel	

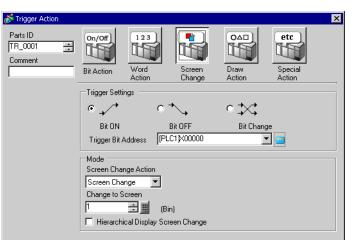
Sett	ing	Description
sɓu	Bit ON	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from OFF \rightarrow ON.
. Settings	Bit OFF	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from $ON \rightarrow OFF$.
Trigger	Bit Change	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON.
	Trigger Bit Address	Designate the bit address that triggers the action set in [Mode].
Mode	Destination Word Address	Designate the Word address to run the action.

Continued

Setting			Description			
		Writ	e Data	Writes the constant in [Destination Word Address].		
				Word Action Bit Length Write Data 16 Bit Constant 50 Data Type Dec		
			Bit Length	Set the data length for the Word address to 16 bit or 32 bit.		
			Constant	Designate the constant to write.		
			Data Type	Designate the constant's data type.		
		Add	Data	Writes the value of the constant added to the [Addition Base Word Address] into the [Destination Word Address].		
Mode	Mode Word Action			Word Action Add Data Addition Base Word Address [PLC1]D00000 Constant Data Type Bin D00000 + 50		
	Wo		Addition Base Word Address	Designate the Word Address to be added to the constant.		
			Constant	Designate the constant to add.		
			Data Type	Designate the constant's data type.		
		Sub	tract Data	Writes the value of the [Subtraction Base Word Address] minus		
				the constant into the [Destination Word Address].		
			Subtraction Base Word Address	Designate the Word Address from which the constant is subtracted.		
			Constant	Designate the constant to subtract.		
	Data Type		Data Type	Designate the constant's data type.		

Screen Change

Screen Change is executed according to the change of state of the trigger bit address.



Sett	ting Description			Description
ßs	Bit C	OFF Execu Addre Change Execu		Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from OFF \rightarrow ON.
. Settin	Bit C			Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from $ON \rightarrow OFF$.
Trigger Settings	Bit C			Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON.
'	Trig	ger B	it Address	Designate the bit address that triggers the action set in [Mode].
		Scre	een Change	The displayed screen changes to the specified screen.
				Screen Change Action Screen Change Change to Screen Hierarchical Display Screen Change
Mode	nge Action		Change to Screen	Specify the number of the Screen you want to display from 1 to 9,999. This can only be set when [Screen Change Action] is set to [Screen Change].
Mo	Screen Change Action		Hierarchical Display Screen Change	You can set a level hierarchy to the Screen Change. This can only be set when [Screen Change Action] is set to [Screen Change]. A maximum of 32 levels can be set.
		Prev	vious Screen	Returns to the previously displayed screen. For screens that are organized hierarchically, the parent screen appears.
				Screen Change Action Previous Screen

Draw Action

When the trigger bit address turns OFF \rightarrow ON, drawing is complete.

\delta Trigger Action 🚽	×
Parts ID TR_0001 Comment	On/Off Bit Action 123 Word Action Image: Control of the second Screen Change Image: Control of the second Draw Action Image: Control of the second Special Action
	Trigger Settings
	Bit ON Bit OFF Bit Change
	Trigger Bit Address [PLC1]X00000
	Mode Data Storage Start Address Words to Read
	[PLC1]D00000 🔽 🧰 🛱 🚍
	Clear Trigger Bit Address Clear Screen
	[PLC1]X00000
	Call Position of Screen to Clear
	X Coordinate Y Coordinate
	I Read After Startup
Help (<u>H</u>)	OK (O) Cancel

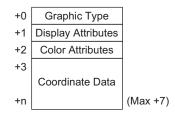
Setting		Description
ngs	Bit ON	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from $OFF \rightarrow ON$.
Trigger Settings	Trigger Bit Address	Select the bit address that triggers the drawing of the image. NOTE NOTE
Trig		When the image displays, this turns OFF.Please maintain graphical data while drawing.
	Data Storage Start Address	Stores the image and properties as graphical data in a Word address. Set this Word address' start address. ☞ " ◆ Graphical data" (page A-59)
	Words to Read	Specify the draw data words from 5 to 7.
Mode	Clear Trigger Bit Address	Set a trigger bit to clear the drawn image. When the clearing bit turns ON, a Clearing Screen will overwrite the displayed screen.
Мо		• When the Clearing Screen appears, this turns OFF.
	Clear Screen	Designate a Base screen to clear the drawn image. A Clearing Screen must first exist in the project.
	Call Position of Screen to Clear	Designate the Clearing Screen's call position using an X coordinate and a Y coordinate.
		NOTE
		• The top-left of the screen becomes coordinate (0, 0).

Continued

Sett	ing	Description
Mode	Read After Startup	 Reads the draw data when the conditions in [Trigger Settings] are satisfied. NOTE This action cannot be used when the [Data Storage Word Address] is an internal device.

Graphical data

Graphical data starting from the Data Storage Start Address is as follows.



• Graphic Type (+0)

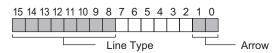
You can display a line, rectangle, circle, or dot. The following corresponding values will be stored.

Line: 1; Rectangle: 2; Circle: 3; Dot: 5.

• Display Attributes (+1)

The display attributes, such as Line Type and Pattern, differ depending on each graphic. When drawing a dot, the display attributes (+1) data are ignored.

To draw a line



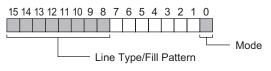
Arrow

Stored Value	Arrow	
0	None	
1	One Side	\rightarrow
2	Both Ends	\longleftrightarrow

Line Type

Stored Value		Line Type	
0		(Solid Line: 1-dot thickness)	
1		(Dashed Line: 1-dot thickness)	
2		(Chain Line: 1-dot thickness)	
3		(Two-Dot Chain Line: 1-dot thickness)	
4		(Solid Line: 2-dot thickness)	
5	•••••	(Dashed Line: 2-dot thickness)	
6		(Chain Line: 2-dot thickness)	
7		(Two-Dot Chain Line: 2-dot thickness)	
8		(Solid Line: 3-dot thickness)	
9		(Solid Line: 5-dot thickness)	

To draw a rectangle



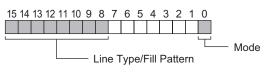
Mode

Stored Value	Mode
0	Draw Line
1	Fill

Line type/Fill pattern

Stored Value	Line Type	Fill Pattern
0	(Solid Line: 1-dot thickness)	
1	(Dashed Line: 1-dot thickness)	
2	(Chain Line: 1-dot thickness)	
3	(Two-Dot Chain Line: 1-dot thickness)	
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	(Solid Line: 3-dot thickness)	
9	(Solid Line: 5-dot thickness)	

To draw a circle



Mode

Stored Value	Mode
0	Draw Line
1	Fill

Line Type/Fill Pattern

Stored Value	Line Type	Fill Pattern
0	(Solid Line: 1-dot thickness)	
1	(Dashed Line: 1-dot thickness)	
2	(Chain Line: 1-dot thickness)	
3	(Two-Dot Chain Line: 1-dot thickness)	
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	(Solid Line: 3-dot thickness)	
9	(Solid Line: 5-dot thickness)	

• Color Attributes (+2)

You can set the display color, background color, and individual blink settings. As shown below, display color data is stored in bit 0 to 7, and background color data are stored in bit 8 to 15.

 15
 8
 7
 0

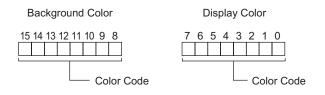
 Background color's attributes
 Display color's attributes

The format used to store attribute data differs depending on the following display colors and whether or not blink is set.

- 256-Color Display (No Blink)
- 64-Color Display + 3-Speed Blink
- Monochrome 16 Levels + 3-Speed Blink

For 256-Color Display (No Blink)

As shown below, the display color's color code is stored in bit 0 to 7, and the background color's color code is stored in bit 8 to 15. For information on color codes, refer to the following table.

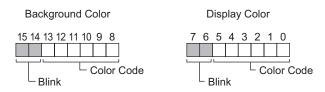


Color Code Table

	de RGB Code	e Color Co	de RGB Code			Color Co	de RGB Code
Color Co 0	00h	64	6Eh	e Color Co 128	de RGB Code CCh	Color Co 192	A2h
1	01h	65	7Eh	120	DCh	192	B2h
ו כ	02h	66	7En	130	DDh	193	B3h
2	02h	67	6Fh	130	CDh	194	A3h
3 4	0311 04h	68	2Eh	131	CDI C4h	195	AAh
+			3Eh	132	D4h	190	
5	05h	69					BAh
6	06h	70	3Fh	134	D5h	198	BBh
/	07h	71	2Fh	135	C5h	199	ABh
8	10h	72	82h	136	8Ch	200	E2h
9	11h	73	92h	137	9Ch	201	F2h
10	20h	74	93h	138	9Dh	202	F3h
11	30h	75	83h	139	8Dh	203	E3h
12	31h	76	8Ah	140	84h	204	EAh
13	21h	77	9Ah	141	94h	205	FAh
14	22h	78	9Bh	142	95h	206	FBh
15	32h	79	8Bh	143	85h	207	EBh
16	33h	80	C2h	144	28h	208	EEh
17	23h	81	D2h	145	38h	209	FEh
18	12h	82	D3h	146	39h	210	FFh
19	13h	83	C3h	147	29h	211	EFh
20	40h	84	CAh	148	68h	212	E6h
20	50h	85	DAh	149	78h	213	F6h
22	51h	86	DBh	149	79h	213	F7h
22	41h	87	CBh	150	69h	214	E7h
24	60h	88	CEh	152	6Ch	216	AEh
25	70h	89	DEh	153	7Ch	217	BEh
26	71h	90	DFh	154	7Dh	218	BFh
27	61h	91	CFh	155	6Dh	219	AFh
28	62h	92	C6h	156	2Ch	220	A6h
29	72h	93	D6h	157	3Ch	221	B6h
30	73h	94	D7h	158	3Dh	222	B7h
31	63h	95	C7h	159	2Dh	223	A7h
32	42h	96	8Eh	160	A0h	224	2Ah
33	52h	97	9Eh	161	B0h	225	3Ah
34	53h	98	9Fh	162	B1h	226	3Bh
35	43h	99	8Fh	163	A1h	227	2Bh
36	44h	100	86h	164	A8h	228	6Ah
37	54h	101	96h	165	B8h	229	7Ah
38	55h	102	97h	166	B9h	230	7Bh
39	45h	103	87h	167	A9h	231	6Bh
40	64h	104	0Ah	168	E0h	232	08h
41	74h	105	1Ah	169	F0h	233	18h
42	75h	105	1Bh	170	F1h	234	19h
43	65h	107	0Bh	171	E1h	235	09h
44	66h	108	4Ah	172	E8h	236	48h
45	76h	109	5Ah	173	F8h	237	58h
46	77h	110	5Bh	174	F9h	238	59h
47	67h	111	4Bh	175	E9h	239	49h
48 49	46h	112	4Eh	176	ECh	240	4Ch
	56h	113	5Eh	177	FCh	241	5Ch
50	57h	114	5Fh	178	FDh	242	5Dh
51	47h	115	4Fh	179	EDh	243	4Dh
52	14h	116	0Eh	180	E4h	244	0Ch
53	15h	117	1Eh	181	F4h	245	1Ch
54	24h	118	1Fh	182	F5h	246	1Dh
55	34h	119	0Fh	183	E5h	247	0Dh
56	35h	120	C0h	184	ACh	248	90h
50 57	25h	120	D0h	185	BCh	249	91h
57 58	26h	121	D0h	185	BDh	249	81h
50		122	C1h	186	ADh		
59 60	36h					251	88h
60	37h	124	C8h	188	A4h	252	98h
61	27h	125	D8h	189	B4h	253	99h
62	16h	126	D9h	190	B5h	254	89h
63	17h	127	C9h	191	A5h	255	80h

For 64-Color Display + 3-Speed Blink

As shown below, the display color's color code is stored in bit 0 to 5, and the background color's color code is stored in bit 8 to 13. For information on color codes, refer to the Color Code Table.

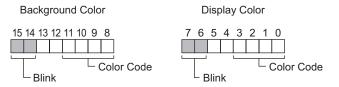


Blink Storage Values

Bit 7 Bit 15	Bit 6 Bit 14	Blink State
0	0	None
0	1	High Speed Blink
1	0	Medium Speed Blink
1	1	Low Speed Blink

For Monochrome 16 Levels + 3-Speed Blink

As shown below, the display color's color code is stored in bit 0 to 3, and the background color's color code is stored in bit 8 to 11. For information on color codes, refer to the following table.



Color Code Table

Color Code	0	1	2	3	•••	12	13	14	15
Display Color	Black							•	White

Blink Storage Values

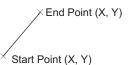
Bit 7 Bit 15	Bit 6 Bit 14	Blink State
0	0	None
0	1	High Speed Blink
1	0	Medium Speed Blink
1	1	Low Speed Blink

• Coordinate Data (+3)

For coordinate data, the top-left of the screen is coordinate (0, 0). For graphics in a window, the top-left of the screen registered as a window is coordinate (0, 0).

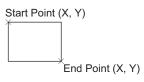
To draw a line

- +3 Start Point X Coordinate
 +4 Start Point Y Coordinate
 +5 End Point X Coordinate
 +6 End Point Y Coordinate



To draw a rectangle

+3	Start Point X Coordinate
+4	Start Point Y Coordinate
+5	End Point X Coordinate
+6	End Point Y Coordinate



To draw a circle

+3	Center X Coordinate
+4	Center Y Coordinate
+5	Radius

Radius: 0 is invalid



To draw a dot

+3	Center X Coordinate
+4	Center Y Coordinate

Special Action

Starts the application or exits WinGP depending on the change of state of the trigger bit address when using WinGP.

M		
🏄 Trigger Action		×
Parts ID TR_0001	On/Off 123 Bit Action Word Action Screen Change	Draw Special Action
	Trigger Settings	
	● , 	• 🔆
	Bit ON Bit OFF	Bit Change
	Trigger Bit Address [PLC1]X00000	
	Mode	
	Special Action	
	Start Application	
	Path	
	Parameter	
	Prevent Multiple Instances	
	Window Title	
	Find Whole Window Titles Only	
Help (<u>H</u>)		OK (<u>O</u>) Cancel

Setting		Description
Trigger Settings	Bit ON	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from OFF \rightarrow ON.
	Bit OFF	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from $ON \rightarrow OFF$.
	Bit Change	Executes the action designated in [Mode] when the [Trigger Bit Address] changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON.
	Trigger Bit Address	Designate the bit address that triggers the action set in [Mode].
Continu		

Executing Multiple Actions (Programs) with a Switch Operation

Setting			Description		
	Special Action			Select the action from [Start Application] or [Exit WinGP].	
		Start Application		Specify the start up application on the WinGP.	
			Path	Input the absolute path of the executable file (.EXE) you want to start. You can input up to 255 characters.	
			Parameter	Input the argument of the executable file at startup. You can input up to 255 characters.	
Mode		Prevent multiple instances		If the specified application has already started, enable so application will not execute again if trigger conditions re-occur while the application is running.	
				• If the specified application has already started, nothing will execute regardless of the settings you make.	
			Window Title	Set [Window Title] to monitor multiple starts. You can input up to 63 characters. When a window the same as [Window Title] is found, the specified application will not start. If there are no settings in [Window Title], multiple starts are allowed.	
			Find whole window titles only	When a window exactly the same as the title specified in [Window Title] is found, the specified application will not start.	
		Exit	WinGP Confirm	Display a confirmation dialog when exiting WinGP.	

NOTE

• When you select a series other than the IPC Series, the trigger action in [Special Action] will not operate regardless of your settings. To execute [Special Action], you need to start WinGP.

A.3.2 Triggered Action Restrictions

- For the trigger bit's ON/OFF, leave an interval longer than the communication cycle time or display scan time, whichever is longer.^{*1*2}
- After you turn ON the Trigger Bit Address, a screen change occurs before the drawing or erasing is complete. The Trigger Bit Address is turned OFF.
- The only graphic data can be stored are Bin data. BCD data cannot be used.
- If the graphical data to be stored are outside the range, they will become the default value of zero.
- For coordinate data, the top-left of the screen is coordinate (0, 0). For graphics in a window, the top-left of the screen registered as a window is coordinate (0, 0).
- For the color attribute's background color, if you designate "Black + Medium Speed Blink" or color code 255, the background color will become transparent.
- The following shows actions which occur immediately after a screen is changed or power is turned ON.

Triggered Condition	Direct Access Method		Memory Link Method	
	Bit Value "0"	Bit Value "1"	Bit Value "0"	Bit Value "1"
$0 \rightarrow 1$ (Bit Rising)	X	0	Х	Х
$1 \rightarrow 0$ (Bit Falling)	0	Х	Х	Х
$\begin{array}{c} 0 \leftrightarrow 1 (\text{Bit Changing} \\ \text{State}) \end{array}$	0	0	Х	Х

O: The operation is performed immediately after the screen is changed, or the power is turned ON.

X: The operation is not performed immediately after the screen is changed, or the power is turned ON.

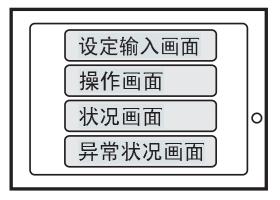
- *1 The communication cycle time is the time it takes to request and take in data from the GP unit to the PLC. It is stored in the internal device LS2037 as binary data. The unit is milliseconds (ms). There is an error of +/-10 ms.
- *2 Display Scan Time is the time it takes to display/calculate one screen. It is stored in the internal device LS2036 as binary data. The unit is milliseconds (ms). There is an error of +/-10 ms.

A.4 Drawing Using Other Languages

A.4.1 Introduction

This section provides an example of how to create a switch label using a Chinese (Simplified) stroke font.

In addition to Chinese (Simplified), GP-Pro EX supports Western European languages, Chinese (traditional), Korean, Cyrillic, and Thai.



A.4.2 Setup Procedure

NOTE

• This procedure shows you how to use Chinese (Simplified) to enter a label for the screen change switch described in Section 12.2, "Changing the Display Screen by Touch". See that section for how to specify the settings for screen change switches.

⁽³⁾ "12.2 Changing Screens by Touch" (page 12-4)

• For more information on stroke fonts, see Section, "Stroke Font, Standard Font".

"6.2 Defining Stroke Font and Standard Font" (page 6-3)

Follow the steps below to draw a switch label in another language.



Follow the procedures below in the order that they are listed:

- 1. Add Chinese (Simplified) to the Windows® multilanguage display/input function settings.
 - "♦ When using Windows® XP" (page A-69)
 - "
 Adding Chinese (Simplified) to Windows
 ® 2000 Multilanguage Display"
 (page A-71)

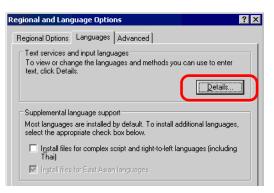
2. " ■ Adding Chinese (Simplified) Stroke Font to Project" (page A-73)

3. " ■ Inputting Chinese (Simplified) into Change Screen Switch Label" (page A-75)

Adding Chinese (Simplified) to Windows[®] Multilanguage Display

♦ When using Windows[®] XP

- 1 From the Windows XP [Control Panel], point to [Date, Time, Language, and Regional Options], and open the [Regional and Language Options] dialog box.
- 2 On the [Languages] tab, in [Text services and input languages], click the [Details] button.



3 The [Text Services and Input Languages] dialog box appears. On the [Settings] tab, click [Add...].

fext Services and Input Languages	? ×
Settings Advanced	
Default input language Select one of the installed input languages to use when computer.	n you start your
English (United States) - US	
Installed services Select the services that you want for each input langua list. Use the Add and Remove buttons to modify this list	
CH Chinese (PRC)	
 Keyboard Chinese (Simplified) - Microsoft Pinyin IM 	
English (United States)	A <u>d</u> d
United States-Dvorak US	<u>R</u> emove
	<u>P</u> roperties
Preferences	
Language Bar Key Settings	

4 In the [Add Input language] dialog box, select [Chinese (PRC)] in [Input language]. In [Keyboard layout/IME], select [Chinese (Simplified) - Microsoft Pinyin IME 3.0]. Click [OK].

Add Input language		? ×
Input language:		
Chinese (PRC)		•
Keyboard layout/IME:		
Chinese (Simplified) - Microsoft	Pinyin IME 3.0	•
	ОК	Cancel

5 Click [Apply], then [OK] to close the dialog box.

Text Services and Input Languages	? ×
Settings Advanced	
Default input language Select one of the installed input languages to use when computer.	you start your
English (United States) - US	•
Installed services Select the services that you want for each input langua as Use the Add and Remove battens to modify this list CH Chinese (PRC)	-
English (United States) Exception of the states o	A <u>d</u> d <u>R</u> emove
Preferences Language Bar Key Settings	

6 Click [OK] to close the [Regional and Language Options] dialog box.

◆ Adding Chinese (Simplified) to Windows[®] 2000 Multilanguage Display

- 1 In the [Control Panel], open the [Regional Options] dialog box.
- **2** On the [General] tab, under [Language settings for the system], select [Simplified Chinese]. Click [OK].

R	egional Options 🔋 🔀
	General Numbers Currency Time Date Input Locales
	Settings for the current user
	Many programs support international settings for numbers, currencies, times, and dates. Set the locale in order to use the standard settings.
	Your locale (location):
	English (Canada)
	Language settings for the system
	Your system is configured to read and write documents in multiple
	languages.
	Japanese 📃
	Simplified Chinese
	Thai III
	Traditional Chinese
	Set default
	Set default

NOTE

• The dialog box below appears when adding Simplified Chinese for the first time. Insert the Windows[®]2000 CD-ROM into the PC and click [OK].



3 When the data has finished being copied from the CD, you must restart the PC. The dialog box below appears. Click [Yes].

Change R	Change Regional Options 🛛 🛛 🔀				
?	You must restart your computer before the new settings will take effect.				
4	Do you want to restart your computer now?				
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o				

- 4 After restarting, from the [Control Panel] select [Keyboard] to open the [Keyboard Properties] dialog box.
- 5 From the [Input Locales] tab. In the [Installed input locales] area, click [Add...].

6 The [Add Input Locale] dialog box appears. Select the language to add from the [Input locale:] drop-down menu and click [OK].

In this example, use [Chinese (PRC)] for [Input locale] and [Chinese (Simplified) - MS-PinYin98] for [Keyboard layout/IME].

Add Input Locale		? ×
Input locale:		
Chinese (PRC)		
Keyboard layout/IME:		
Chinese (Simplified) - MS-PinYi	n98	-
	ОК	Cancel

7 Click [Apply] and click [OK] to close the window.

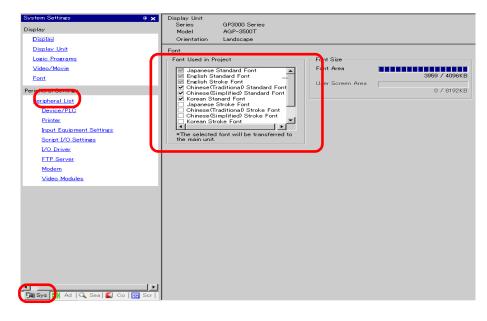
	Properties	luuru l		? ×
_ Install	ed input locales	iwale	Keyboard	layout/IME
•	<mark>Chalish (United S</mark> C <mark>H</mark> Chinese (PRC)	lalos) Chinese	(Simplified) - M	US S-PinYin98
	Add	Remove		erties
_ To tu	n off Caps Lock		Set as	Default
	ress CAPS LOCK key	y C Press	SHIFT key	
Item	· ·		Ke	y sequence
Swite	ch between input loc	ales	Left /	Alt+Shift 📥
Swite	ch to English (United	States) - US		(None) 👻
			Change Key S	equence
🔽 Ena	ble indicator on taskl	bar		
	C	ок 🌔	Cancel	Apply

■ Adding Chinese (Simplified) Stroke Font to Project

```
NOTE
```

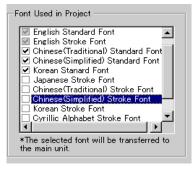
• Please refer to the following for details about Stroke Font. ** "6.2 Defining Stroke Font and Standard Font" (page 6-3)

1 From the [System Settings] menu, select [Font]. The [Font] dialog box appears.



• If the [System Settings] tab is not displayed, from the [View (V)] menu, point to [Work Space (W)] and select [System Settings (S)].

2 Under [Font Used in Project] select the [Chinese (Simplified) Stroke Font] check box.



3 The following message appears.

💑 Confirm User Screen Area Use		
?	No more font capacity. If you add more fonts, they will occupy the User Area, reducing the capacity of user screens. Add fonts to the User Area?	
	(<u>Yes (Y</u>) No (<u>N</u>)	

Click [Yes]. You can confirm that the User Screen Area is also used.

English Standard Font English Stroke Font Chinese(Simplified) Standard Font Ghinese(Simplified) Standard Font Ghinese(Traditional) Stroke Font Chinese(Traditional) Stroke Font Cyrillic Alphabet Stroke Font Cyrillic Alphabet Stroke Font The selected font will be transferred to the main unit.	3959 / 4096KB h Area
---	-------------------------

Click [No] to cancel font addition.

4 Clear the check boxes for the fonts you are not using. This allows more free space in the Font Area.

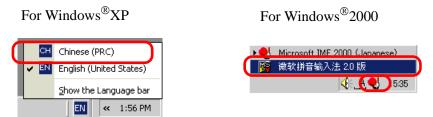
Font Used in Project	Fort Oize	
English Standard Font English Stroke Font	Font Area	107 / 4006KE
Chinese(Traditional) Standard Font	User Screen Area	
☐ Korean Stanard Font ☐ Japanese Stroke Font		0 / 8192KB
Chinese(Traditional) Stroke Font		
Korean Stroke Font Cyrillic Alphabet Stroke Font		
⊀ The selected font will be transferred to		
the main unit.		

NOTE

• Japanese Standard Font, English Standard Font, and English Stroke Font are all fixed. You cannot remove these fonts.

Inputting Chinese (Simplified) into Change Screen Switch Label

1 In the notification area, click the Language icon and select [Chinese (PRC)].



2 Launch GP-Pro EX. Open the properties for the Change Screen Switch created with the process in "12.2 Changing Screens by Touch" (page 12-4). Select the [Label] tab, set the [Font Type], [Display Language], and enter the label using pin yin.

Switch Feature Switch	Common Lamp Feature Color Label	
Direct Text	Text Table	
Select State No	ormal	
Font Font Type Display Language	Standard Font Size Chinese(Simplified) Text Attribute	8 x 16 F Normal
设定输入画 mian_		Text Color 7 Shadow Color Background C

NOTE

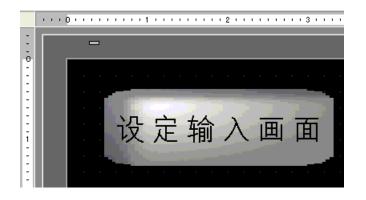
• When you select the [Stroke Font] in [Font Type] or change the [Display Language], the following dialog box may appear. This confirms to add the font type since a switch has been set before adding the font.



To add the font, click [Yes].

If you click [Cancel], adding the font is canceled. The entered text cannot be properly displayed on the GP.

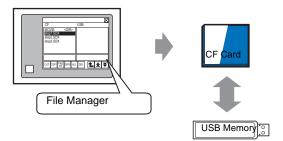
3 Click [OK] to close the [Switch/Lamp] dialog box. The Change Screen Switch's label changes to Chinese (Simplified).



A.5 Transferring Data Between a CF Card and a USB Memory Device

A.5.1 Introduction

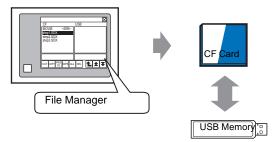
You can use the Special Data Display [File Manager] on the GP screen to copy or move data from the CF Card to USB memory, or from USB memory to the CF Card. This function can be used for securing available space by transferring data not immediately required in the CF Card to a USB memory device when the CF Card has limited available space, or for making a backup of the data.



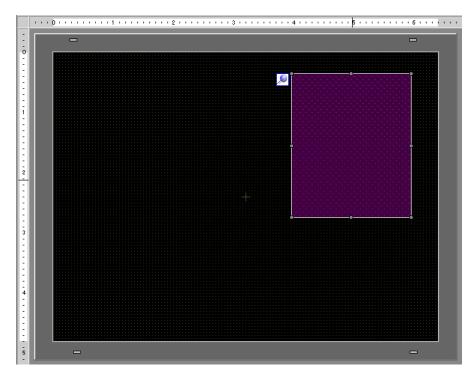
A.5.2 Setup Procedure

• Please refer to the settings guide for details. * "25.10.2 [Special Data Display] Settings Guide " (page 25-71)

By using Special Data Display [File Manager], the data in the CF card inserted in the GP can be moved to the USB memory device.



1 From the [Parts (P)] menu, point to [Special Data Display (P)] and select [File Manager (M)]. Place File Manager on the screen.



2 Double-click the Special Data Display [File Manager]. The following dialog box appears.

💰 Special Data Disp	lay				×
Special Data Disp Parts ID SP_0000 SP_0000 Comment	lay Basic Switch Display Unit Display Unit Data Transmission Status Address Status Address Status Address Action Mode File Operation	Filine	CSV Show CSV	File Manager	
Help (H)	Target Data	×	0	(@) Cance	

3 From [Action Mode], point to [File Operation], select [Target Data], and select [CF<-->USBStorage].

Action Mode	
File Operation	
Target Data	
CF<>USB Storage	

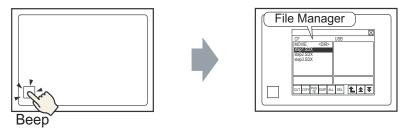
4 Click the [Switch] tab. Select the [Display] check box. In [Select Shape], select the shape of the switch, specify the label and color and then click [OK].

💣 Special Data Disp		<
Special Data Dis Parts ID SP_0000 SP_0000 Comment ABC	B sic Switch Switch Lawar ✓ Display Switch Label Fort Type Standard Font ▼ Display Language ASCII ▼ Text Color 7 ▼	
Select Shape	Switch Color Display Color Pattern None	

• You can check the approximate available space of the CF card and the USB memory device by specifying the settings for [CF Card Available Space] and [External Memory Available Space]. To access these options, from [Main Unit], point to [Display Unit] and select [Mode].

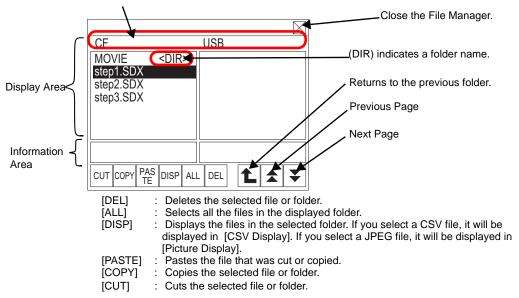
A.5.3 Operation Procedure

- 1 Insert the CF card and the USB memory into the GP.
- 2 Touch the File Manager Display Switch. The [File Manager] is called to the GP screen.



Touch the display switch again to close the [File Manager].

The contents of the CF card are shown on the left and the contents of the USB memory are shown on the right.



• Display Area

Displays the file name up to 19 characters. If the file name contains more than 19 characters, the file name appears as "..." after the first 19 characters. (For example "ZR12345678901234...") Displays the folder name up to 14 characters. If the folder name contains more than 14 characters,

the folder name appears as "..." after the first 14 characters. (For example

"ABCDEFGHIJK...<DIR>"). The full-path name can contain up to 100 characters (folder name + file name).

displayed.

• Information Area Displays the creation date of the selected folder, or the creation date and file size of the selected file.

NOTE	• Although multiple USB memories devices are inserted in the GP, only the USB memory device recognized by the GP as the first USB memory device
	can be used.
	• If a CF Card or USB memory device is not inserted, File Manager will still
	be displayed, however nothing appears in the Display Area. Immediately
	after a CF Card or USB memory is inserted in the GP, first the root folder is

3 To open a file in a child folder, touch the folder name then touch [DISP]. This displays the files in the folder.

				\boxtimes
CF		USB		
MOVIE	<dir></dir>			
step1.SDX				
step2.SDX step3.SDX				
step3.SDX				
CUT COPY PA	AS DISP AL	DEL	1	\mathbf{T}
	E			_ ◄

- NOTE
- Touch the selected file again to clear the selection.
- Multiple files can be selected in the displayed area. If you switch the page, the selection is cleared. Up to seven folders or files can be displayed on one page.
- The files is displayed in the order in which they were created. It is not possible to sort the files by file name or time stamp.
- 4 Once you have selected the files, touch [CUT]. The [USB] is highlighted.
- **5** Touch [PASTE]. The message, "If a file already exists, it will be overwritten." is displayed. Touch [OK] to paste the file to [USB].

			\boxtimes
CF		USB	
MOVIE step2.SDX step3.SDX	<dir></dir>	step1.SDX	
CUT COPY PA	^S DISP ALI		★ ¥

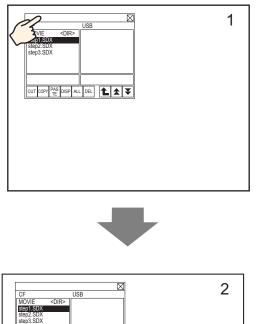
The file was transferred from the CF Card to the USB memory device.

• While accessing a CF Card or a USB memory device, do not reset the display unit or remove the CF Card or USB memory device.

NOTE	 You cannot change the size of the File Manager Window.
NOTE	• A file cannot be copied or transferred in the following cases: CF Card \rightarrow CF
	Card, and USB device \rightarrow USB device.
	• If you switch pages while [CUT] or [COPY] is selected, the selection is not cleared.
	 The CSV file open in the [CSV Display] cannot be cut or deleted.
	• If you switch the screen while a file is being copied, cut, or deleted, the
	process continues while the screen is switched.
	• An error occurs if you transfer a file to a folder that is not displayed correctly
	in File Manager or if you try to perform a file operation in that folder.

Moving a File Manager

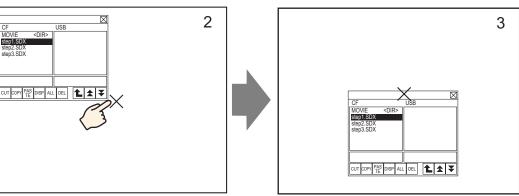
The Special Data Display [File Manager]'s display position on the screen can be changed.



- 1 Touch the top area of the [File Manager] Display.
- 2 Touch the location on the screen where you want to move it.
- **3** The [File Manager] Display moves to the touched location.

NOTE

• If the [File Manager] Display is out of the screen in the selected location, the Window is adjusted so that the entire Window is displayed.



A.6 System Variables

The predefined variables in GP-Pro EX are called system variables.

System variables are either logic system variables (#L system variables) or HMI system variables (#H system variables). System variables indicate the state of the GP and affect operation. Similar to symbol variables, system variables have variable types (integer/bit) and operate in the same way as symbol variables.

You cannot add or delete system variables.
The names of system variables is the same regardless of [Variable Format] and [Address Format].

A.6.1 Logic System Variables (#L System Variables)

Bit Logic System Variables

Var	iable Name	Description	Read	Write
La	dder Reference Flag			·
	#L_RunMonitorA	ON in RUN	0	Х
	#L_AlwaysON	Always ON	0	Х
Ca	Iculation Flag			·
	#L_CalcZero	Zero flag	0	Х
	#L_CalcCarry	Carry flag	0	Х
Sy	stem Settings			
	#L_ScanModeSW	Mode setting of the logic	0	Х
	#L_AutoRunSW	Mode setting at startup	0	Х
	#L_InOutSW	Setting of external input and output enable	0	X
	#L_FaultStopSW	Setting for continuous error switching	0	Х
Oþ	peration Information			
	#L_UnlatchClear	Zero clear for the clear area	0	0
	#L_LatchClear	Zero clear for the keep area	0	0
Tir	ne			·
	#L_Clock100ms	100 ms clock pulse	0	Х
	#L_Clock1sec	1 second clock pulse	0	Х
	#L_Clock1min	1 minute clock pulse	0	Х
Er	ror Information			
	#L_BatteryErr	Battery malfunction	0	Х
	#L_Error	Logic error	0	Х
	#L_StopPending	Logic stop wait flag	0	Х
	#L_Fault	Error handler stop flag	0	0
	#L_IOFault	I/O error flag	0	X

#L_RunMonitorA (ON in RUN)

ON when the logic program is running, and OFF when the logic program is not running. Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible. If you write in this area, the operation may fail.

#L_AlwaysON (Always ON)

On at the beginning of a logic scan, regardless of whether or not the logic program is used. Because this is a read-only area, if OFF is written, the #L_AlwaysON bit turns OFF in the program after OFF.

ON is rewritten at the beginning of the next scan. Do not perform a write operation for #L_AlwaysON.

#L_CalcZero (Zero flag)

#L_CalcZero turns ON only when the operation result is zero (0).

Every time an operation is executed, the contents of #L_CalcZero are rewritten. After the execution of an operation, #L_CalcZero rewrites OFF or ON. Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_CalcCarry (Carry flag)

Depending on the result after the execution of an operation, #L_CalcCarry turns ON only when a carry occurs.

Every time an operation is executed, the contents of #L_CalcCarry are rewritten. After the execution of an operation, #L_CalcCarry rewrites OFF or ON. Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_ScanModeSW (Mode setting of the logic)

You can check the operation mode of the logic program currently being executed. When #L_ScanModeSW is ON, operation is in CPU Scan Percentage mode. When #L_ScanModeSW is OFF, operation is in Fixed Scan Time mode. Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_AutoRunSW (Mode setting at startup)

When the action setting at power ON is set to RUN, #L_AutoRunSW turns ON. When the action setting at power ON is set to STOP, #L_AutoRunSW turns OFF. Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_InOutSW (Setting of external input and output enable)

If the external input and output settings are enabled in the action settings at power ON, #L_InOutSW turns ON.

If the external input and output settings are disabled in the action settings at power ON, #L_InOutSW turns OFF.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_FaultStopSW (Continuous error switch setting)

When [Minor Errors] is set to STOP, operation stops when a minor error occurs and #L_FaultStopSW turns ON.

When the [Minor Errors] is set to RUN, operation continues when a minor error occurs and #L_FaultStopSW turns OFF.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_UnLatchClear (Zero clear of the clear area)

By turning ON #L_UnLatchClear, zero clear of the clear area is requested. (An up edge is detected and the area is cleared to zero.)

This variable operates only when the logic program is in STOP.

The setting value and time base of the timer and the setting value of the counter cannot be cleared to zero. The system variables and addresses of the connection devices cannot be cleared to zero.

Reading and writing is possible in this area.

#L_LatchClear (Zero clear of a keep area)

By turning ON #L_LatchClear, zero clear of a keep area is requested. (An up edge is detected and the area is cleared to zero.)

This bit operates only when the logic program is in STOP.

The setting value and time base of the timer and the setting value of the counter cannot be cleared to zero. The system variables and addresses of the connection devices cannot be cleared to zero.

Reading and writing is possible in this area.

#L_Clock100ms (100 ms clock pulse)

The variable turns ON and OFF repeatedly with a frequency of 50-ms OFF time and 50-ms ON time.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_Clock1sec (1 second clock pulse)

The variable turns ON and OFF repeatedly with a frequency of 500-ms OFF time and 500-ms ON time.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_Clock1min (1 minute clock pulse)

The variable turns ON and OFF repeatedly, with a frequency of 30-s OFF time and 30-s ON time.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_BatteryErr (Battery malfunction)

Turns on when battery malfunction information is detected on the GP.

If this bit turns ON, the #L_BatteryErr bit does not turn OFF until the GP is reset or the power turns OFF.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_Error (Logic error)

Turns ON if an error occurs in the logic operation.

If this bit turns ON, the #L_Error bit does not turn OFF until the GP display unit is reset or the power turns OFF.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_StopPending (Logic stop wait flag)

The #L_StopPending bit remains ON Until #L_StopScans reaches 0.

Until #L_StopScans is zero, the #L_StopPending bit remains ON for the duration of the scans until the logic stops.

Because this is a read-only area, writing is not possible.

#L_Fault (Error handler stop flag)

This flag is referenced at the end of the "error handler" subroutine to determine whether to stop or continue the execution of the logic program.

The execution of the logic program on the GP will stop at the end of ERRH routine if the #L_Fault bit is ON.

Reading and writing is possible in this area.

#L_Fault is not used without an "error handler" subroutine.

#L_IOFault (I/O error flag)

#L_IOFault turns ON if an I/O error occurs on the I/O driver. The flag remains until another error occurs or until the GP is reset.

■ Integer Logic System Variables

Vari	able Name	Description	Read	Write
Sc	an Time			
	#L_ScanTime	The time from the start of step 0 of the current scan to the start of step 0 of the next scan	0	Х
	#L_AvgScanTime	The average of 64 #L_ScanTime cycles	0	Х
	#L_MinScanTime	The minimum scan time for #L_ScanTime	0	Х
	#L_MaxScanTime	The maximum scan time for #L_ScanTime	0	Х
	#L_ScanCount	Number of scans	0	Х
	#L_LogicTime	The time from the start of step 0 to the END instruction	0	Х
	#L_AvgLogicTime	The average of 64 #L_LogicTime cycles	0	Х
	#L_MinLogicTime	The minimum logic time for #L_LogicTime	0	Х
	#L_MaxLogicTime	The maximum logic time for #L_LogicTime	0	Х
Sta	itus			<u> </u>
	#L_Status	Logic status information	0	Х
	#L_Platform	Code number of the GP platform	0	Х
	#L_Version	Logic firmware version	0	Х
	#L_EditCount	Number of online edits	0	Х
	#L_IOInfo	I/O driver information	0	Х
Sy	stem Settings			<u> </u>
	#L_ConstantScan	Logic startup frequency	0	Х
	#L_PercentScan	Logic operation rate	0	Х
	#L_WatchdogTime	Logic WDT value	0	Х
	#L_AddressRefreshTime	Connection device address refresh time	0	Х
Tin	ne			
	#L_Time	Time information	0	Х
Ор	eration Information	·		
	#L_Command	Changes the logic operation mode	0	0
	#L_LogicMonitor	The logic monitor startup switch	0	0
	#L_LogicMonStep	Indicates the steps for displaying the logic monitor	0	0
I/O	Status	·		
	#L_IOStatus	Status of the built-in I/O driver	0	Х

Continued

/ariable Name	Description	Read	Write
Error Information			
#L_CalcErrCode	Storage area for calculation error codes	0	Х
#L_FaultStep	Storage area for calculation error step number	0	Х
#L_FaultLogicScreen	Storage area for calculation error logic screen number	0	Х
Logic Stop		I	
#L_StopScans	Number of logic stop scans	0	0
Address Refresh			
#L_RefreshEnable	Address Refresh Enable Flag	0	Х
Keep Variable Backup			
#L_BackupCmd	Backup Command	0	0
LTCommon ^{*1*2}			
#L_ExIOFirmVer	Extended I/O port firmware version	0	Х
#L_ExIOSpCtrl	Special I/O control	0	0
#L_ExIOSpOut	Special output	0	Х
#L_ExIOSpParmChg	Change Special I/O parameter	0	0
#L_ExIOSpParmErr	Special I/O parameter error	0	Х
#L_ExIOAccelPIsTbl	Acceleration/deceleration pulse table	0	0
#L_ExIOCntInCtrl	Counter input control	0	0
#L_ExIOCntInExtCtrl	Counter input external control	0	0
#L_PWM*_WHZ	Output frequency of Ch*	0	0
#L_PWM*_DTY	Ch* ON duty value	0	0
#L_PLS*_LHZ	Ch* output frequency	0	0
#L_PLS*_NUM	Ch* output pulse	0	0
#L_PLS*_SHZ	Ch* initial output frequency	0	0
#L_PLS*_ACC	Ch* acceleration and deceleration time	0	0
#L_PLS*_CPC	Ch* current pulse output	0	0
#L_HSC*_MOD	Ch* count system	0	0
#L_HSC*_PLV	Ch* preload value	0	0
#L_HSC*_PSV	Ch* pre-strobe value	0	Х
#L_HSC*_ONP	Ch* ON preset value	0	0
#L_HSC*_OFP	Ch* OFF preset value	0	0
#L_HSC*_HCV	Ch* current counter value	0	Х

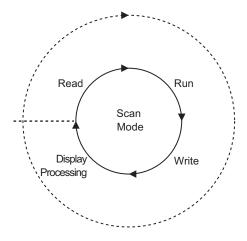
*1 For details, see "31.8 Allocating I/O to DIO Built-in LT" (page 31-43).

2 "" is for ChValue (1 - 4).

#L_ScanTime (The time from the start of step 0 of the current scan to the start of step 0 of the next scan)

Stores the scan time of the previous scan just before the execution of the next scan. Scan time is the time required for I/O reading, execution of the logic program, I/O output, and display processing.

The unit is 0.1 ms.



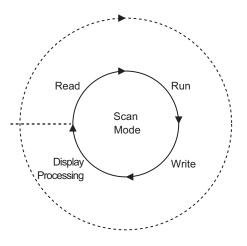
#L_AvgScanTime (The average of 64 #L_ScanTime cycles)

Stores the average scan time.

Average scan time is the average time required for I/O reading, execution of the logic program, I/O writing, and display processing in one scan.

The variable is updated with each completion of 64 scan cycles.

The unit is 0.1 ms.



#L_MinScanTime (The minimum scan time of #L_ScanTime)

Stores the minimum scan time of the logic program.

When #L_ScanTime is updated, the minimum scan check is performed and the variable is updated with every scan.

The unit is 0.1 ms.

#L_MaxScanTime (The maximum scan time of #L_ScanTime)

Stores the maximum scan time of the logic program.

When #L_ScanTime is updated, the maximum scan check is performed and the variable is updated with every scan.

The unit is 0.1 ms.

#L_ScanCount (Number of scans)

Upon completion of each logic program scan, the counter increments the variable. The value in #L_ScanCount ranges from 0 to 16#FFFFFFF. When the maximum value (16#FFFFFFF) is exceeded, the variable is incremented again from 0. You can confirm whether the logic program is being executed by checking #L_ScanCount.

#L_LogicTime (The time from the start of step 0 to the END instruction)

Stores the logic time of the previous scan execution.

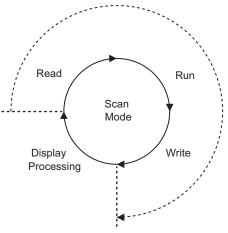
Logic time is the time required for I/O reading, execution of the logic program, and I/O writing in one scan. The display processing time is not included.

#L_AvgLogicTime (The average of 64 #L_ScanTime cycles)

Stores the average logic time.

Average logic time is the average time required for I/O reading, execution of the logic program, and I/O writing in one scan.

The variable is updated with each completion of 64 scan cycles.



#L_MinLogicTime (The minimum logic time of #L_LogicTime)

Stores the minimum logic time of the logic program.

When updating #L_LogicTime, the minimum logic time is checked and the variable is updated with every scan.

The unit is 0.1 ms.

#L_MaxLogicTime (The maximum logic time of #L_LogicTime)

Stores the maximum logic time of the logic program.

When updating #L_LogicTime, the maximum logic time is checked and the variable is updated with every scan.

The unit is 0.1 ms.

#L_Status (The logic status information)

Displays the state of the GP. Bytes and bits are defined as follows:

Byte 0: Displays the current error state on the GP.

Byte 1: Displays the error state history. This byte resets to 0 only when the GP is reset.

Byte 2: Displays the current operation state.

Byte 3: Reserved area.

Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
Reserved	Current state	Error state history	Current error state

	Byte 0 (latc	h)						
	Total error	Scan error	Reserved	Read error	Over- flow	I/O error	Minor error	Major error
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Byte 1 (latc	h)						
	Total error	Scan error	Reserved	Read error	Over- flow	I/O error	Minor error	Major error
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	Byte 2 (latc	h)						
	Reserved	Reserved	Standby	Stopped	Pause	Force change Enable/	l/O available	In RUN
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Byte 3 (latc	h)						
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24

#L_Platform (The GP platform code number)

Stores the GP platform code number.

Н												
	Stor	es th	e GP	platfo	orm c	ode i	numb	er.				
L												

Format	Code	
AGP-3302B	0x00020404	
AGP-3301	0x00020504	
AGP-3300	0x00020514	
AGP-3400	0x00020614	
AGP-3500	0x00020714	
AGP-3600	0x00020814	
AGP-3450	0x00020634	
AGP-3550	0x00020734	
AGP-3650	0x00020834	
AGP-3750	0x00020934	
AGP-3510	0x00020A14	
AGP-3560	0x00020A34	
LT-3201A	0x00030204	

#L_Version (The logic firmware version)

Stores the logic firmware version.

#L_EditCount (The number of online edits)

Stores the number of online edits. (This variable cannot be executed while writing in RUN.)

#L_IOInfo (I/O driver information)

Stores information on the I/O driver.

#L_ConstantScan (The logic startup frequency)

Sets the scan time in units of 10 ms in Fixed Scan Time mode.

When logic time is constant, the display processing time can be extended by increasing the value of #L_ConstantScan. By decreasing the value, the display processing time can be reduced. This is because most of the processing time is used by logic functions. This variable can be set by default or specified in Monitor mode during logic operation.

⁽²⁾ "29.13.3 Adjusting Logic Scan Time" (page 29-119)

NOTE

#L_PercentScan (The logic operation rate)

Sets the usage rate of the logic function compared to the total logic processing time in CPU Scan Percentage mode. Specify this variable in units of 10 ms.

This variable can be set by default or specified in Monitor mode during logic operation.



"29.13.3 Adjusting Logic Scan Time" (page 29-120)

#L_WatchdogTime (WDT value of the logic)

Sets the WDT value (watch dog timer) in ms.

When #L_ScanTime exceeds this value, a major error occurs.

This variable can be set by default or specified in Monitor mode during logic operation.

#L_AddressRefreshTime (The connection device address refresh time)

Stores the address refresh time for the connection device addresses used in the logic program.

NOTE

⁽²⁾ "29.13.3 Adjusting Logic Scan Time " (page 29-122)

#L_Time (Time information)

Indicates the "time" set in the logic in 4-digit BCD. The time is stored in the following state:

For example 11:19 PM

	Hour (tens)	Hour (ones)	Minute (tens)	Minute (ones)
Value	2	3	1	9

#L_Command (Changes the logic operation mode)

This is an integer variable used as a logic control command.

After the logic acknowledges #L_Command, the bits other than bit 7 are reset to 0. If multiple bits are ON, the least significant bit is prioritized.

	byte 3 Reserved	byte 2 Reserved	byte 1 Reserved	byte 0
--	--------------------	--------------------	--------------------	--------

byte 0

l/O Enable/ disable	Reserved	Pause	Continue	1 scan	Reset	Run	Stop
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Bit

#L_LogicMonitor (Startup switch of the logic monitor)

Starts up and operates the logic program monitor function on the GP. The following shows each operation.

Byte 3		Byte 2		Byte 1		Byte 0	
Byte 0							
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Logic monitor startup: 1	Device monitor startup: 1
7 Byte 1	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
15 Byte 2	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
23 Byte 3	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Running: 1 Stopped: 0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24

#L_LogicMonStep (Indicates the steps for displaying the logic monitor)

Stores the starting rung number to be displayed when the logic monitor is running. If the logic monitor is not running, write the rung number in #L_LogicMonStep to start up the logic monitor with the specified rung number as the first rung when the logic monitor trigger bit (bit 0 of #L_LogicMonitor) turns OFF \rightarrow ON.

This variable is used when the logic monitor function is enabled.

#L_IOStatus (Status of the built-in I/O driver)

Stores the error codes for the built-in I/O driver.

The error codes can be confirmed by checking the error messages displayed in #L_IOStatus and on the screen.

The detailed error code classifications are defined as follows:

Error Code	Description
001 - 049	Project data error
050 - 099	Hardware error
100 - 199	Application error
200 - 254	General error

The stored error codes are as shown below.

Н	Mod	Model Number Storage Area							
L	Critical Failure	0	0	0	0	0	Settings	Verification	Error Code Storage Area

Verifications

When the I/O attribute of the specified unit is the same as that of the actually connected unit, but the points differ, "1" is set.

Settings

When the I/O attribute of the specified unit is different from that of the actually connected unit, "1" is set.

Critical Failure

When a failure that stops the logic such as an auxiliary board ID conflict or project data failure is found, "1" is set.

Error Messages

Error Code Classification	Description
ΡΓΕΑ***	Built-in I/O driver

*** indicates the error codes for each driver (0 - 255).

The S.No of the FlexNetwork unit where the error occurred is stored in the slave/module Number

#L_CalcErrCode

The calculation error state can be identified in #L_CalcErrCode. The area is cleared to 0 when reset.



Error Code List

Error Code	Description	
0000	-	No error.
0001	Minor error (continue)	An overflow occurs when converting a real number to an \rightarrow integer, or a 64-bit real number to a \rightarrow 32-bit real number.
0002		A reference exceeded the area of the array.
0003		A reference exceeded the range of an integer.
0004	Major error (stop)	Stack overflow.
0005		An invalid instruction code is used.
0006	_	An error occurred during error handler processing.
0007	_	The scan time exceeded the WDT.
8000	Major error (stop)	The critical failure occurred on the I/O driver.
0009		Software error
0010	_	An invalid operand is used.
0011	-	Reserved
0012	Minor error (continue)	BCD/BIN conversion error
0013	_	ENCO/DECO conversion error
0014	-	Reserved
0015	Minor error (continue)	The SRAM data (user program) is read from a destroyed FROM.
0016	_	The number of shift bits exceeded the range.
6701	Continuous error	 The CJ and CALL instructions have no jump destination. The index has been modified so that the address is outside of the P0 to P4095 range where a label is not defined. P63 was executed in a CALL instruction. P63 cannot be used in a CALL instruction to branch to END.
6702		The CALL instruction has a nesting level of 6 or higher.
6703		The interrupt has a nesting level of 3 or higher.
6704		The FOR and NEXT instructions have a nesting level of 6 or higher.
6705		The application instruction operand is outside the target device.
6706		The device Number and data value of the application instruction operand have exceeded the range.

Continued

Error	Description	
Code		
6707		The final register was accessed without specifying the parameter settings.
6708		FROM/TO instruction error
6709	Continuous error	Other (invalid branch)
6710		Parameter incompatibility
6730		The sampling time (Ts) is out of range (Ts <= 0).
6731		
6732		The input filter constant (α) is out of range ($\alpha < 0$ or 100 <= α).
6733		The proportion gain (Kp) is out of range (Kp < 0).
6734		The integral calculus time (Ti) is out of range (Ti $<$ 0).
6735		The differential gain (Kd) is out of range (Kd < 0 or 201 <= Kd).
6736		The differential calculus time (Td) is out of range (Td $<$ 0).
6740	Sampling time (Ts) <	= sampling frequency
6742	The change in measu	rement value is out of range ($\Delta PV < -32768$ or $32767 < \Delta PV$).
6743	The deviation is out of	of range (EV < -32768 or 32767 < EV).
6744	The integral calculate	ed value is out of range (other than -32768 to 32767).
6745	The differential value	e is out of range because the differential gain (Kd) is out of range.
6746	The differential calcu	alated value is out of range (other than -32768 to 32767).
6747	The PID calculation	result is out of range (-32768 to 32767).
6748	The PID output uppe	r limit setting value < Output lower limit setting value
6749	PID input/output cha	nge alarm settings error.
6750	<< Step response me Auto-tuning result fa	
6751	<< Step response me Incompatibility of au	
6752	< Step response me Auto-tuning failure	thod >>
6753	1 V	od >> to-tuning output settings values = LLV (lower limit)]
6754	<< Limit cycle method Incompatibility of au	od >> to-tuning PV threshold (hysteresis) settings values (SHpv < 0)

Error	Description
Code	
6755	<< Limit cycle method >> Auto-tuning transition state error (The data in the device managing the transition state was not successfully rewritten.)
6756	$\begin{array}{l} << \text{Limit cycle method} >> \\ \text{Result error caused by exceeding the auto-tuning measurement time.} \\ (\tau \text{ on } > \tau, \tau \text{ on } < \tau, \tau < 0) \end{array}$
6757	<< Limit cycle method >> The proportion gain of the auto-tuning result is out of range. (Kp = other than 0 to 32767)
6758	<< Limit cycle method >> The integral calculus time of the auto-tuning result is out of range. (Ti = other than 0 to 32767)
6759	<< Limit cycle method >> The differential calculus time of the auto-tuning result is out of range. (Td = other than 0 to 32767)
6760	The sum of ABS data from the server is inconsistent.
6762	The port specified by the inverter communication instruction is already being used.
6765	Application instruction usage time error
6770	Writing to the FLASH memory board failed
6771	The FLASH memory board is disconnected.
6772	The write error that occurs when writing to the FLASH memory board is prohibited.

#L_FaultStep

Stores the program step Number when abnormal processing occurs.

#L_FaultLogicScreen

Stores the logic screen Number when abnormal processing occurs.

INIT : 1 MAIN : 2 ERRH : 3 SUB-01: 32 to SUB-32: 63

#L_StopScans

Enter a numeric value to execute scanning for the specified number of times. The logic scan continues until the setting reaches 0. Meanwhile, the #L_StopPending bit is ON. When this bit turns OFF, the logic stops.

#L_RefreshEnable

When the address refresh is enabled, the bit is turned ON.

Enable Condition:(1) First PLC communication scan is complete. (When more than one PLC

is connected, all first communication scans are complete.)

(2)PLC communication is normal.

Disable Condition:(1) First PLC communication scan is not complete. (When more than one

PLC is connected, all first communication scans are not complete.)

(2)PLC communication failure is occurred. (When you connect more than

one, more than one of PLC communication failures are occurred.)

#L_BackupCmd

When you backup the data of the variables specified to be kept, it triggers backup and restore.

0 Bit: When backup is executing, the lower 16 bits are turned OFF automatically.

1 Bit: When restore in executing, the lower 16 bits are turned OFF automatically.

8 Bit: When backup is complete (normal completion), it is turned ON. When an error occurs, it is turned OFF.

9 Bit: When restore is complete (normal completion), it is turned ON. When an error occurs, it is turned OFF.

The other bits are reserved.

н	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L	0	0	0	0	Keep Variable Backup Completion Bit		0	0	0	0			iable Reque	st		

Keep Variable Backup Request Bit

0 0	Restore Execution	Backup Execution
-----	-------------------	------------------

Bit	OFF	ON
Backup Execution	None	Request (Backup of variable)
Restore Execution	None	Request (Restore of variable)

After execution, it is turned OFF automatically.

When the request bits are simultaneously turned ON, restore is executed after the backup.

Retentive Variable Backup Completion Bit

0	0	Restore	Backup Completion
		Completion	

Bit	OFF	ON
Backup Completion	None	Completion Notice
Restore Completion	None	Completion Notice

You cannot backup in offline mode or transfer mode. You can only restore the same project that you backed up. If it is a different project, restore will not execute. When you execute backup and restore sequentially, the screen display speed may slow, or the online logic monitor may discontinue. Also, depending on the project, communication may be affected. When you allocate #L_BackupCmd to the switch parts, specify the [Bit Set] and do not touch continuously. Do not backup or restore on the D-Script using #L_BackupCmd.

A.6.2 HMI System Variables (#H system variables)

Bit type

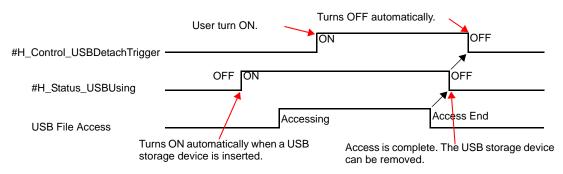
Variable Name	Description	Read	Write
#H_Control_Buzzer	Buzzer Output	0	0
#H_Control_BuzzerEnable	Enable the Buzzer Output	0	0
#H_Control_HardcopyPrint	Print Control for Screen Hard Copy	0	0
#H_Control_JpegCaptureEnab le	Enable Screen Capture	0	0
#H_Control_JpegCaptureTrigg er	Control of Screen Capture	0	0
#H_Control_PrintCancel	Control of Print Cancel	0	0
#H_Control_USBDetachTrigger	USB Remove Control ^{*1}	0	0
#H_DeviceMonitor	Device Monitor Start	0	0
#H_LadderMonitor	Ladder Monitor Start ^{*2} (None cache start)	0	0
#H_LadderMonitorCache	Ladder Monitor Start ^{*2} (Enable cache start)	0	0
#H_Status_DispOnOff	Display ON/OFF	0	Х
#H_Status_JpegCaptureCompl etion	Screen Capture Status (Completed)	0	X
#H_Status_JpegCaptureProce ss	Screen Capture Status (Processing in Progress)	0	X
#H_Status_Print	Printer Status	0	Х
#H_Status_USBUsing	USB status ^{*1}	0	X

*1 WinGP does not operate. #H_Status_USBUsing is in the OFF state at all times. When #H_Control_USBDetachTrigger is turned ON, nothing operates.

The operation to insert and remove a USB storage device is as follows. When you connect a USB storage device to the display, #H_Status_USBUsing is ON.

When you remove a USB storage device, turn ON #H_Control_USBDetachTrigger. When the USB storage device can be removed, #H_Status_USBUsing turns OFF automatically.

When #H_Control_USBDetachTrigger is ON while writing the data from the USB storage device, #H_Status_USBUsing does not turn OFF until data writing is complete.



When #H_Status_USBUsing is OFF, you cannot access the USB storage device. Remove the USB storage device and insert again.

- Do not transfer to offline mode, transfer data to the display, or insert and remove the USB storage device while writing data to the USB storage. This may result in an incomplete file or damage to the USB storage device.
- *2 To start the ladder monitor, refer to the "PLC Ladder Monitor Operation Manual" provided with the ladder monitor for the PLC (sold separately) that you use.

■ Integer Type

Variable Name	Description	Read	Write
#H_BackLightColor	2-color Backlight Switching ^{*1}	0	0
#H_ChangeScreenNo	Change To Screen Number	0	0
#H_CounterbySecond	1-Second Binary Counter	0	X
#H_CurrentDay	Day Data (Current Value)	0	X
#H_CurrentDayofTheWeek	Day (Current Value) ^{*2}	0	X
#H_CurrentHour	Hour Data (Current Value)	0	X
#H_CurrentMinute	Minute Data (Current Value)	0	Х
#H_CurrentMonth	Month Data (Current Value)	0	X
#H_CurrentScreenNo	Current Screen Number	0	Х
#H_CurrentSecond	Second Data (Current Value)	0	Х
#H_CurrentYear	Year Data (Current Value)	0	X
#H_DispScanCounter	Display Scan Counter	0	Х
#H_DispScanTime	Display Scan Time	0	Х
#H_GlobalWindowControl	Window Control	0	0
#H_GlobalWindowNo	Window Screens	0	0
#H_GlobalWindowPosX	Window Display Position (X)	0	0
#H_GlobalWindowPosY	Window Display Position (Y)	0	0
#H_JpegCaptureFileNo	Screen Capture File	0	0
#H_SetDay	Day Data (Setting Value)	0	0
#H_SetHour	Hour Data (Setting Value)	0	0
#H_SetMinute	Minute Data (Setting Value)	0	0
#H_SetMonth	Month Data (Setting Value)	0	0
#H_SetSecond	Second Data (Setting Value)	0	0
#H_SetYear	Year Data (Setting Value)	0	0

*1 It operates only on models that support 2-color backlight switching. "1.3 List of Supported Functions by Device" (page 1-5)

When you write "0", it is amber and "1" is red. Do not set other colors.

*2 The current value for the day is stored in LS9310. Please refer to [Clock Data (Current)] (page A-15) in " A.1.4.2 System Data Area " for the stored value.